

# **Budget Briefing: Department of Education**

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# **Briefing Topics**

- Funding Sources
- Appropriation Areas
- Major Budget Topics
  - FY 2021-22 Budget Highlights
  - Child Development and Care Program
  - Libraries

## **Department of Education**

The Department of Education is the administrative arm of the State Board of Education, and it is charged with implementing state and federal mandates in the field of education.

Major departmental responsibilities include the following:

- Development of K-12 instructional programs and administration
- Administering early childhood education and day care programs
- Certification and professional development of teachers
- Administration of state aid to school districts
- Education assessment development and administration
- Collecting and reporting educational data
- Providing technical assistance to school districts
- Managing the operations of the Library of Michigan

# **Key Budget Terms**

**Fiscal Year:** The state's fiscal year (FY) runs from October to September. FY 2021-22 is October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022.

**Appropriation:** Authority to expend funds. An appropriation is not a mandate to spend. Constitutionally, state funds cannot be expended without an appropriation by the legislature.

**Line Item:** Specific appropriation amount that establishes spending authorization for a particular program or function in a budget bill.

**Boilerplate:** Specific language sections in a budget bill that direct, limit, or restrict line item expenditures, express legislative intent, and/or require reports.

**Lapse:** Appropriated amounts that are unspent or unobligated at the end of a fiscal year. Appropriations are automatically terminated at the end of a fiscal year unless designated as a multi-year work project under a statutory process. Lapsed funds are available for expenditure in the subsequent fiscal year.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, historical budget figures in this presentation have <u>not</u> been adjusted for inflation.

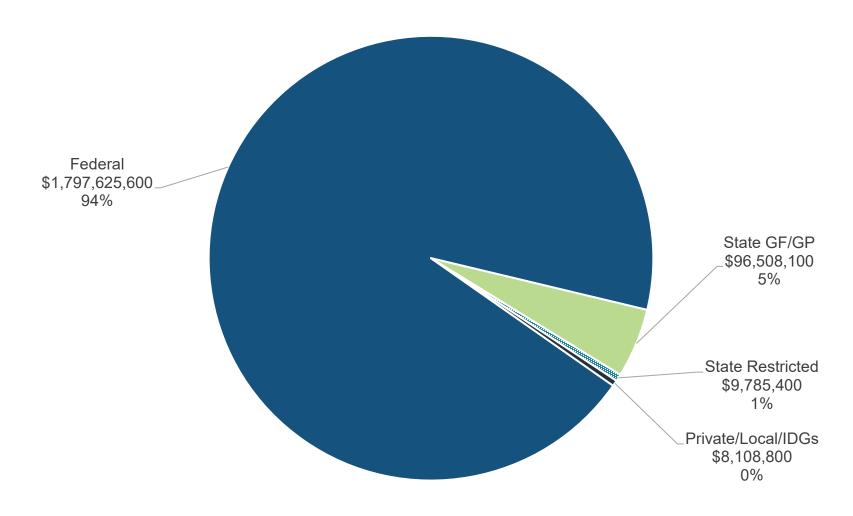
# **Funding Sources**

# FY 2021-22 MDE Budget

Fund Source	Funding	Description
Gross Appropriations	\$1,912,027,900	Total spending authority from all revenue sources
Interdepartmental Grants (IDG) Revenue	0	Funds received by one state department from another state department, usually for services provided
Adjusted Gross Appropriations	\$1,912,027,900	Gross appropriations excluding IDGs; avoids double counting when adding appropriation amounts across budget areas
Federal Revenue	1,797,625,600	Federal grant or matching revenue; generally dedicated to specific programs or purposes
Local Revenue	5,870,300	Revenue received from local units of government for state services
Private Revenue	2,238,500	Revenue from individuals and private entities, including payments for services, grants, and other contributions
State Restricted Revenue	9,785,400	State revenue restricted by the State Constitution, state statute, or outside restriction that is available only for specified purposes; includes most fee revenue
State General Fund/General Purpose (GF/GP) Revenue	\$96,508,100	Unrestricted revenue from taxes and other sources available to fund basic state programs and other purposes determined by the legislature

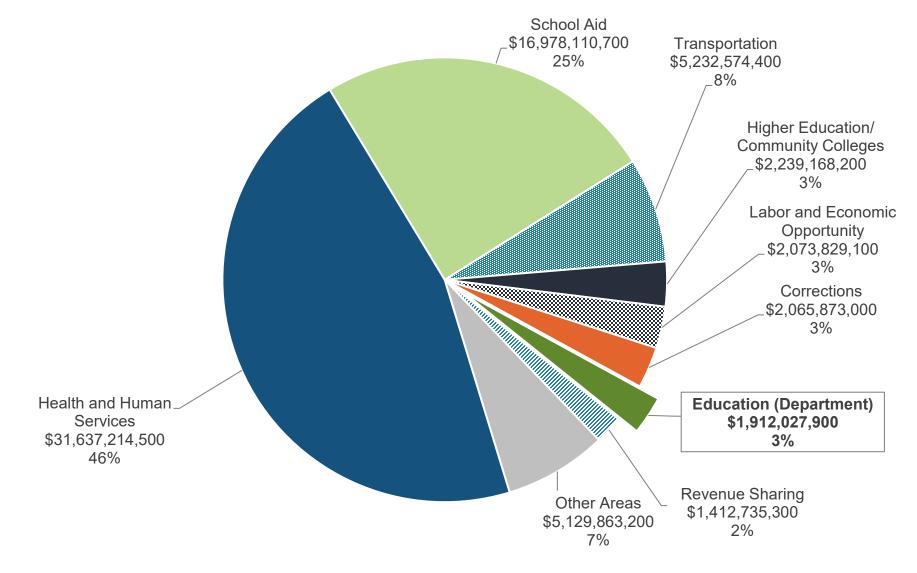
## FY 2021-22 Fund Sources

In large part due to one-time federal COVID-19-related funding, 94% of the **\$1.9 billion** FY 2021-22 budget is funded by federal funding. In FY 2020-21, approximately three quarters of the **\$451.7 million** MDE budget was funded by federal revenue.



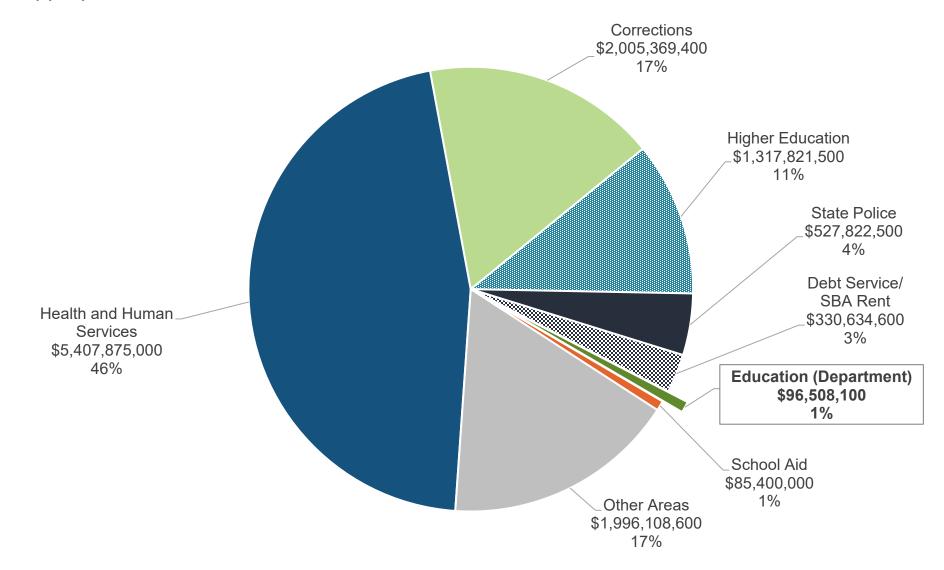
# **MDE Share of Total State Budget**

The MDE budget represents less than **3%** of the **\$68.7 billion** state budget (adjusted gross) for FY 2021-22.



# MDE Share of Total GF/GP Budget

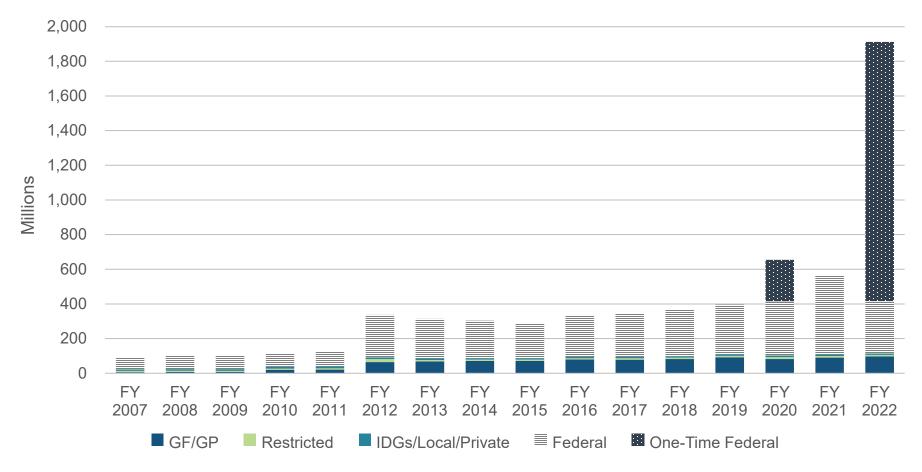
The MDE budget represents less than **1%** of the **\$11.8 billion** state GF/GP budget appropriations for FY 2021-22.



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# **MDE Funding History**

For FY 2021-22, **\$1.5 billion** in federal COVID-19 child care funding represents **78%** of the budget. Ongoing funding makes up **\$411.9 million** of the FY 2021-22 budget, as compared to **\$559.9 million** in FY 2020-21, with a majority of the decrease in ongoing funds related to baseline decreases in the Child Development and Care (CDC) program.



Note: FY 2008-09 figures do not include \$900 million in one-time federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grants that were distributed to school districts through the Department of Education budget.

# **Appropriation Areas**

# **MDE Appropriation Areas**

**COVID-19 Child Care Public Assistance:** Authorizes a total of \$1.5 billion federal funding to provide child care investments for FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23.

Child Development and Care (CDC) Public Assistance: Provides child care subsidies for qualifying families.

**Great Start Operations and Services:** Oversees programs related to early childhood education and development including the Great Start Readiness Program (GSRP), preschool special education, and the CDC program.

**CDC Support (DHHS & LARA):** LARA provides licensing for all child care providers in the state of Michigan (regardless of receiving a subsidy); DHHS provides determination of benefit eligibility.

**Libraries:** Operates the Library of Michigan; provides reference services to the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches; distributes state aid to local libraries; provides eLibrary services; distributes renaissance zone reimbursements.

# **MDE Appropriation Areas (cont.)**

**Educational Supports/Educator Excellence:** Oversees federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA); oversees state At-Risk categorical grants; provides curriculum and instruction standards; oversees charters granted by public school academy authorizers; oversees professional preparation and professional development programs; manages teacher certifications; oversees statewide educator evaluation efforts.

**Schools for the Deaf/Blind:** Delivers educational and residential services to students who are hearing or visually impaired; provides technical assistance and resources to local districts through cost-sharing.

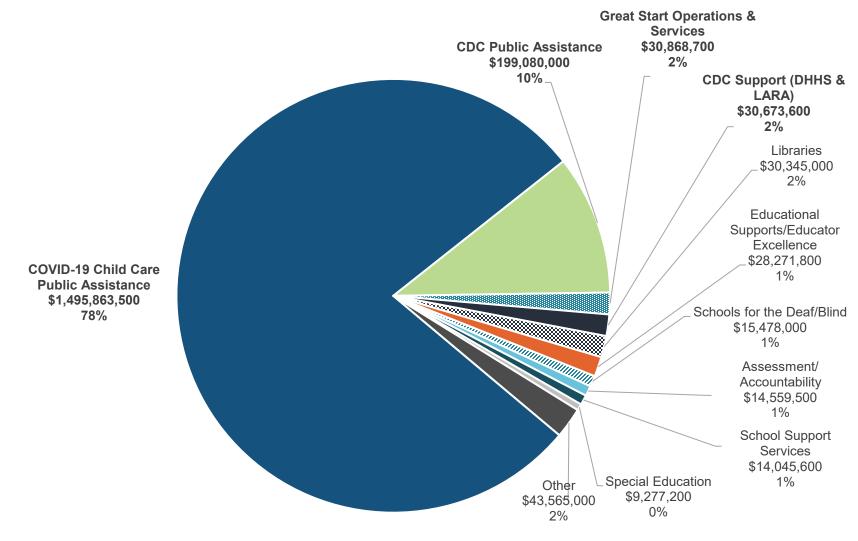
**Assessment and Accountability:** Develops, administers, and analyzes reports on M-STEP, the Merit Examination, and other state assessments; school district accountability and accreditation.

**School Support Services:** Administers federal and state education grants related to school nutrition and school health and safety.

**Special Education:** Administers education and early intervention programs for young students with disabilities; provides identification, evaluation, and provision of programs to meet individual educational needs.

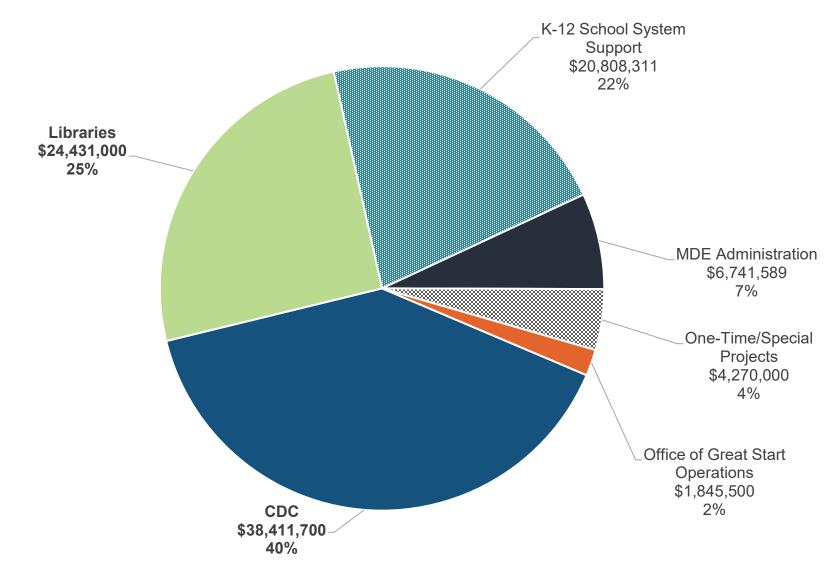
## **FY 2021-22 Gross Appropriations**

**78%** of the **\$1.9 billion** MDE budget supports one-time COVID-19 Child Care Public Assistance highlighted on slide 18. The largest area of ongoing funding supports the Child Development and Care (CDC) program and early childhood education, comprising about **14%** of the budget.



## FY 2021-22 GF/GP Appropriations

**65%** of the MDE GF/GP funds support the Child Development and Care (CDC) program and libraries.



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# **Major Budget Topics**

# FY 2021-22 Major Budget Highlights

## **COVID-19 Child Care Public Assistance**

- In FY 2021-22, MDE authorized a total of \$1.5 billion federal funding to provide child care investments.
- Funding supports the following costs for FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23:
  - \$700.7 million to distribute subgrants to eligible child care providers
  - \$222.0 million for additional bonus pay to child care providers
  - \$158.0 million to increase provider reimbursement rates by 30%
  - \$108.1 million to increase the CDC entrance income eligibility threshold from 150% to 185% of the federal poverty guidelines
  - \$117.4 million to pay providers based on enrollment rather than attendance
  - \$100.0 million for technical and/or financial support to new or expanding child care providers
  - \$36.5 million to contract with child care providers for infant and toddler slots
  - \$30.0 million to distribute bonus pay based on the number of child care workers needed to be fully staffed
  - \$13.0 million to waive CDC family contribution copays for FY 2021-22
  - \$7.2 million for MDE implementation costs
  - \$3.0 million to provide mental health consultation to child care providers

# FY 2021-22 New Programs

**Educator Recruitment and Preparation:** Includes **1.0 FTE** and **\$1.7 million** GF/GP, with the programing split between the following purposes:

- <u>Educator Recruitment and Staffing</u>: Provides resources for teacher recruitment and preparation programs to address short-term school vacancies and longer-term staff needs statewide.
- <u>District Educator Preparation Programing</u>: Awards funding to districts to cover the cost of an educator preparation program for eligible employees.

**Before and After School Programs:** Includes \$5.0 million Gross (\$3.9 million one-time and \$1.1 million ongoing) for competitive grants to community-based organizations for in-person before and/or after school programs for grades K-8.

**Teacher License Renewals:** Includes **\$280,000** GF/GP to implement a program to waive fees or associated costs for former teachers whose teaching licenses have expired.

**School Board Member Training:** Includes **\$260,000** GF/GP (one-time) for a new school board member training reimbursement program.

**Michigan's Poet Laureate:** Includes \$100,000 GF/GP (one-time) to support a Michigan Poet Laureate program with funding for travel and events to promote poetry, the spoken word, and the literary arts.

# Child Development and Care (CDC) Program

## **CDC Services Overview**

CDC services are provided for the financial assistance of child day care to qualifying families when the caretaker is unavailable due to employment, education, treatment of health/social condition, or other approved activity.

Michigan may establish its own eligibility guidelines/payment structure within the following federal guidelines:

#### Family Eligibility

- States may serve families already receiving federal and state assistance, as well as families with incomes up to 85% of state median income (based on family size)
  - Michigan categorically serves family groups receiving Family Independence Program (FIP) assistance, foster care, or having a protective service case
  - Michigan also serves families up to 185% of the federal poverty guidelines, which is a monthly income below \$3,386 for a family size of three, or \$40,632 annually—around 59% of the maximum federal eligibility threshold

#### o Child Eligibility

- Federally, may serve children under age 13 (<u>Michigan concurs</u>)
- Federally, may serve children under 19 who are under court supervision or mentally or physically incapable of self-care (Michigan set at 18)

#### Provider Payments

 CCDF federal regulations recommend that states provide subsidy reimbursements at the 75th percentile of market rate, and Michigan's current payment structure provides tiered hourly reimbursements based on the age, provider type, provider rating, and reimbursement block (based on the number of hours of care)

# **CDC Services: Funding**

#### Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)

#### Mandatory Funds

- Federal Social Security Act, Section 418
- Based on amount received for child care prior to 1996 welfare law
- No match or maintenance of effort (MOE) required

#### Matching Funds and MOE

- Matched at current Medicaid match (FMAP) rates (65.48% in FY 2021-22)
- State MOE
- Federal match
- State match
- School Aid Budget At-Risk Program (Sec. 31a) and Great Start Readiness Program (GSRP) (Sec. 32d) funding used as match

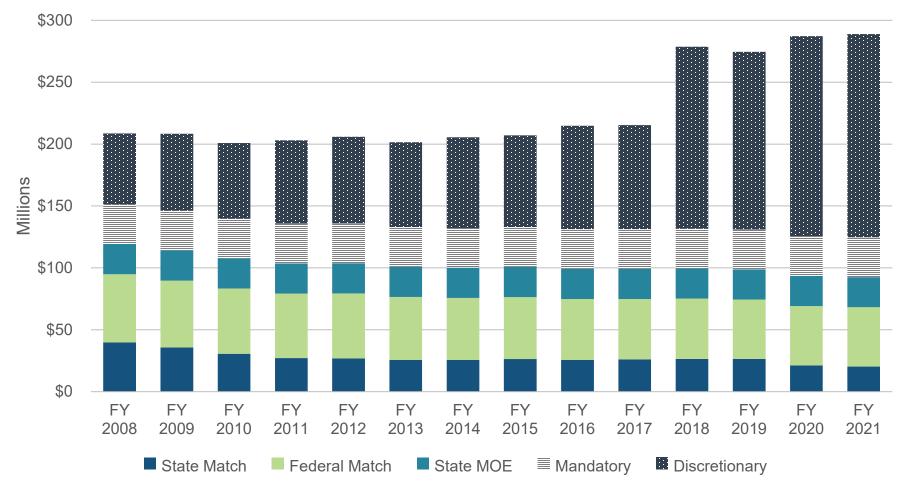
#### Federal Child Care Development Block Grant (CCDBG)

#### Discretionary Funds

- No match or MOE required
- Based on federal appropriation
- Allocated based on children under age 5, children receiving free or reduced-price lunch, and state per-capita income

# **Child Care Development Fund (CCDF)**

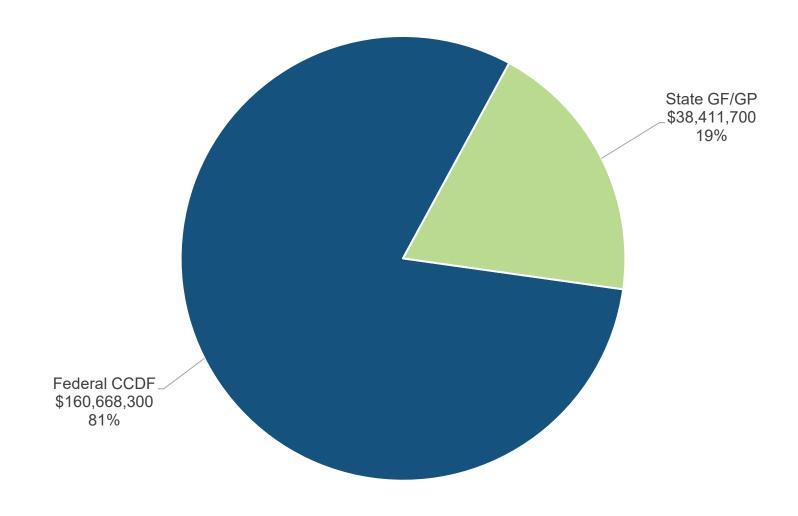
Total allotted CCDF funding was fairly consistent with adjustments for caseload and eligibility changes until discretionary funding was nearly doubled in FY 2017-2018 to fund added CCDF reauthorization requirements related to health, safety, and quality.



Note: The annually awarded CCDF funding shown above does not include COVID-19 stimulus.

# **CDC Subsidy Funding Sources**

Total funding for the CDC subsidy is **\$199.1 million** for FY 2021-22, based off the May 2021 Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference (CREC) estimates.



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# **CDC Caseload and Spending Trends**

CDC caseload and spending levels fell due to economic conditions and tightened eligibility guidelines. Expanded eligibility guidelines and increased provider reimbursement rates after FY 2013-14 incrementally increased spending/caseloads through FY2018-19. Starting in FY 2019-20, COVID-19 caused a disruption to the child care market which decreased cases and costs. Recent policy changes increased the total spending from FY 2019-20 to FY 2021-22.



<sup>\*</sup>Reflects est. costs based on Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference (CREC) adjustments and enacted policy changes.

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## **CDC Block Schedule Reimbursement**

- A new block schedule reimbursement was implemented in March of 2019 for licensed providers. The provider's tiered hourly rate and the child's age (birth to 2 ½ or over 2 ½) and licensed daycare program type (child care center or group/family child care home) rate is assessed and reimbursed under one of the following block schedule payments:
  - 1-30 hours: paid at the hourly tiered reimbursement rate
  - 31-60 hours: paid as 60 hours at the hourly tiered reimbursement rate
  - 61-80 hours: paid as 80 hours at the hourly tiered reimbursement rate
  - 81-90 hours: paid as 90 hours at the hourly tiered reimbursement rate
- License-exempt providers continue to be paid at their current hourly tiered reimbursement rate.

# CDC Hourly Tiered Provider Reimbursement

Providers receive reimbursement based on provider type, age of child, and tiered rating. The below represents the base rate increase for FY 2021-22.

	Child Care Centers			Group/Family Child Care Homes		
	Birth to 2 ½	2 ½ to 5	Over Age 5	Birth to 2 ½	2 ½ to 5	Over Age 5
Base Rate	\$5.60	\$4.00	\$3.85	\$4.50	\$3.85	\$3.75
1 Star Rate	\$5.60	\$4.00	\$3.85	\$4.50	\$3.85	\$3.75
2 Star Rate	\$5.95	\$4.30	\$4.20	\$4.85	\$4.20	\$4.05
3 Star Rate	\$6.60	\$4.95	\$4.85	\$5.50	\$4.85	\$4.70
4 Star Rate	\$6.90	\$5.30	\$5.15	\$5.80	\$5.15	\$5.05
5 Star Rate	\$7.55	\$5.95	\$5.80	\$6.45	\$5.80	\$5.70

	License-Exempt Providers					
	Birth to 2 1/2	2 ½ to 5	Over Age 5			
Tier 1	\$2.30	\$2.30	\$2.30			
Tier 2	\$3.90	\$3.45	\$3.45			

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# **CDC Provider Types**

#### Licensed Centers

 A facility, other than a private home, licensed to care for one or more children

#### Licensed Group Homes

A private home licensed to care for up to 12 children at a time

#### Registered Family Homes

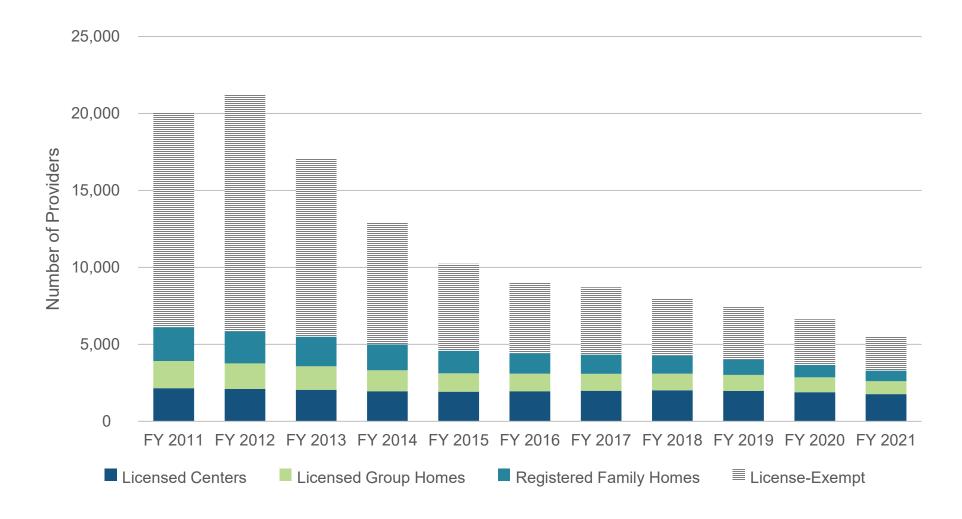
A private home registered to care for up to 6 children at a time

#### License-Exempt Providers

- An adult who is 18 years or older and enrolled to provide child care for up to 6 children at a time
- Must either (1) provide care in the child's home or (2) provide care in the provider's home and be related to the child
- Providers receive Level 1 status after completing a 7-hour basic training course and Level 2 status after completing an additional 10 hours per year

# **CDC Services by Provider Type**

Policy and economic changes since FY 2008-09 led to decreasing numbers of license-exempt providers in the CDC system, while other provider types have remained relatively static.



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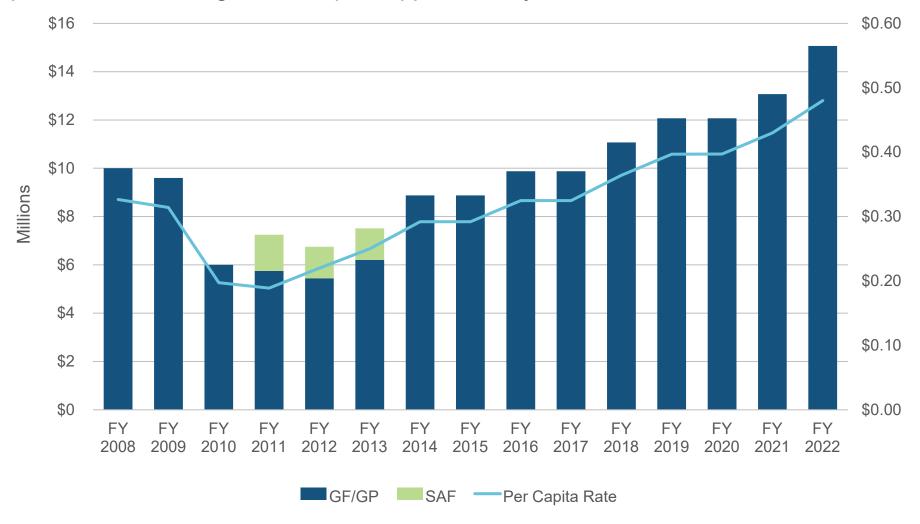
# Libraries

# Library of Michigan/State Aid to Libraries

- Transferred from the Department of History, Arts, and Libraries in FY 2009-10
- Supports operation of the Library of Michigan (\$4.9 million Gross)
- Supports State Aid to Libraries (\$15.1 million GF/GP), based on:
  - \$0.50 per capita to public libraries meeting minimum standards
  - \$0.50 per capita to public libraries for cooperative services
  - \$0.50 per capita to cooperative libraries
  - \$10/mi<sup>2</sup> to cooperative libraries with low population density
  - Reimbursement of up to **\$4,800** for the director's salary for county libraries serving populations of less than 50,000.
- Minimum Standards for Public Libraries
  - "Lawfully established" as a public library
  - Maintain local support equal to 3/10 mill
  - Personnel certification requirements set by Library of Michigan
- State Aid payments are subject to proration based on available appropriations

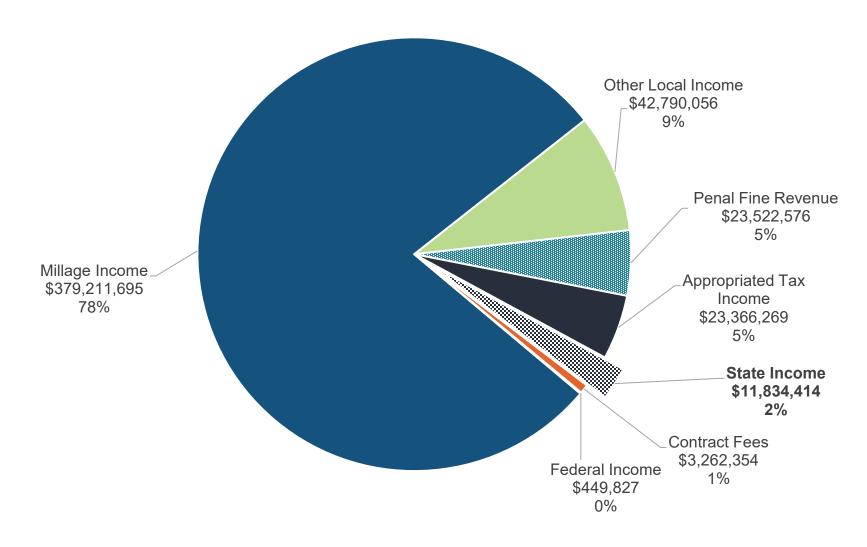
### **State Aid to Libraries**

State Aid to Libraries was reduced throughout the Great Recession, but it has gradually increased as the economy rebounded. State Aid to libraries is currently prorated; full funding would require approximately **\$15.2 million**.



## **Public Libraries' Operating Income**

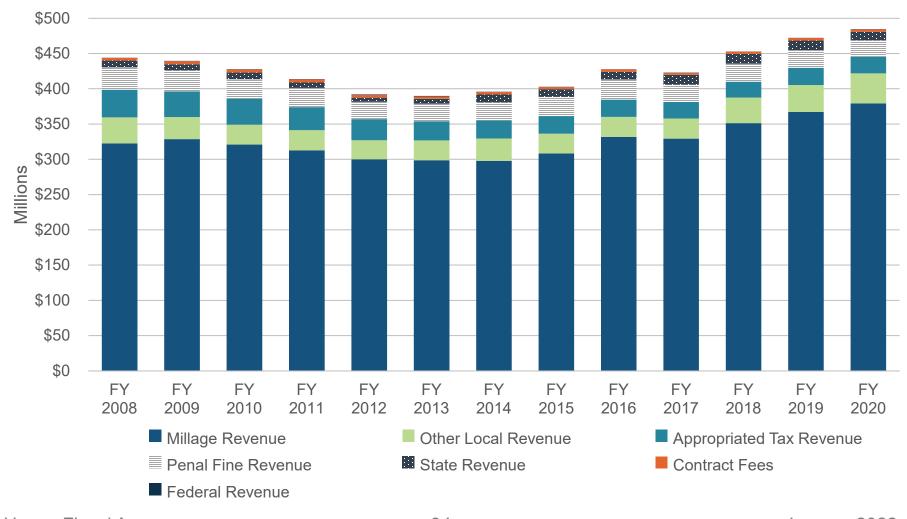
Funding from the state makes up **2**% of the **\$484.4 million** FY 2019-20 total operating income for libraries statewide.



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# **Public Libraries' Operating Income**

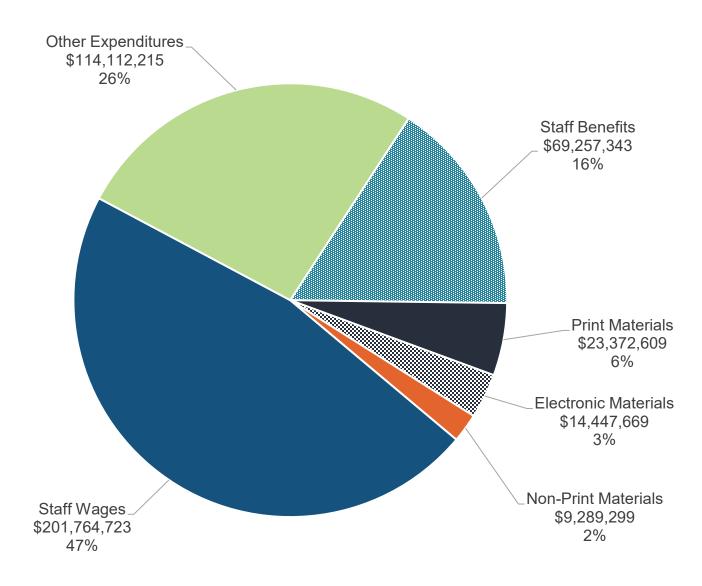
Local property tax millage revenues are the main revenue source for local libraries. Millage revenue declined to a low of **\$297.7 million** in FY 2013-14 during the Great Recession but has increased to **\$379.2 million** in FY 2019-20, a **3%** increase from the prior year.



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# Public Libraries' Operating Expenditures

Total operating expenditures were \$432.2 million in FY 2019-20.



# For more information about the Department of Education budget:

#### **HFA Resources**

http://www.house.mi.gov/hfa/Education.asp

#### **Contact Information**

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