# LINE ITEM AND BOILERPLATE SUMMARY

# **JUDICIARY**

Fiscal Year 2024-25 Article 8, Public Act 121 of 2024 Senate Bill 747 as Enacted



Robin R. Risko, Associate Director

September 2024

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September 2024

TO: Members of the Michigan House of Representatives

The House Fiscal Agency has prepared a **Line Item Summary** for each of the FY 2024-25 appropriation acts. Each **Summary** contains line-by-line appropriation and revenue source detail, and a brief explanation of each boilerplate section in the appropriations bill.

In this report, line item vetoes are presented in the following manner: appropriation amounts shown in strikeout are those that appear in the enrolled bill; amounts shown directly below strikeout amounts reflect the effect of the veto.

Line Item Summaries are available on the HFA website (www.house.mi.gov/hfa), or from Kathryn Bateson, Administrative Assistant (373-8080 or kbateson@house.mi.gov).

Mary Ann Cleary, Director

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#### **GLOSSARY**

#### **STATE BUDGET TERMS**

#### Line Item

Specific funding amount in an appropriations bill that establishes spending authorization for a particular program or function.

#### **Boilerplate**

Specific language sections in an appropriations bill that direct, limit, or restrict line-item expenditures, express legislative intent, and/or require reports.

#### Lapse

Appropriated amounts that are unspent or unobligated at the end of a fiscal year; appropriations are automatically terminated at the end of a fiscal year unless otherwise provided by law.

#### **Work Project**

Account authorized through statutory process that allows appropriated spending authorization from one fiscal year to be utilized for expenditures in a succeeding fiscal year or years for a specific project or purpose.

#### **APPROPRIATIONS AND FUND SOURCES**

#### **Appropriations**

Authority to expend funds for a particular purpose. An appropriation is not a mandate to spend.

**Gross:** Total of all applicable appropriations in an appropriations bill.

**Adjusted Gross:** Net amount of gross appropriations after subtracting interdepartmental grants (IDGs) and intradepartmental transfers (IDTs).

#### Interdepartmental Grant (IDG) Revenue

Funds received by one state department from another state department usually for service(s) provided.

#### Intradepartmental Transfer (IDT) Revenue

Funds transferred from one appropriations unit to another within the same departmental budget.

#### **Federal Revenue**

Federal grant or match revenue; generally dedicated to specific programs or purposes.

#### **Local Revenue**

Revenue received from local units of government for state services.

#### Private Revenue

Revenue from non-government entities: rents, royalties or interest payments, payments from hospitals or individuals, or gifts and bequests.

#### State Restricted Revenue

State revenue restricted by the State Constitution, state statute, or outside restriction that is available only for specified purposes; includes most fee revenue; at yearend, unused restricted revenue generally remains in the restricted fund.

#### General Fund/General Purpose (GF/GP) Revenue

Unrestricted general fund revenue available to fund basic state programs and other purposes determined by the legislature; unused GF/GP revenue lapses to the General Fund at the end of a fiscal year.

#### **MAJOR STATE FUNDS**

#### **General Fund**

The state's primary operating fund; receives state revenue not dedicated to another state fund.

#### School Aid Fund (SAF)

A restricted fund that serves as the primary state funding source for K-12 schools and Intermediate School Districts. Constitutionally, SAF revenue may also be used for postsecondary education.

#### **Budget Stabilization Fund**

The Countercyclical Economic and Budget Stabilization Fund, also known as the "rainy day fund"; the Management and Budget Act provides guidelines for making deposits into and withdrawals from the fund.

#### **JUDICIARY**

Article VI, Section 1 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963 forms the basis for Michigan's judicial branch of government. The Constitution provides that "the judicial power of the state is vested exclusively in one court of justice which shall be divided into the supreme court, one court of appeals, one trial court of general jurisdiction known as the circuit court, one probate court, and courts of limited jurisdiction that the legislature may establish by two-thirds vote of the members elected to and serving in each house." The Judiciary budget provides funding for judicial compensation and for operation of trial courts and other judicial-related entities.

Full-time equated exempted positions	643.5	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service. Note: based on 2,088 hours for 1.0 FTE position.
Full-time judges and justices	589.0	Full-time justices and judges.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$373,441,400	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
Total interdepartmental grant/intradepartmental transfer revenue	2,402,300	Revenue received from other departments or transferred within the department.
ADJUSTED GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$371,039,100	Gross appropriation less (or minus) interdepartmental grant (IDG) or intradepartmental transfer (IDT) revenue.
Total federal revenue	7,132,600	Revenue received from federal departments and agencies.
Total local revenue	0	Revenue received from local units of government.
Total private revenue	1,905,300	Revenue received from private individuals and entities.
Total other state restricted revenue	95,887,300	State revenue dedicated to a specific fund (other than the General Fund) or restricted for a specific purpose.
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$266,113,900	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.

#### **SECTION 102: SUPREME COURT**

The 7-justice Michigan Supreme Court is Michigan's court of last resort with final authority over all state courts. It exercises a discretionary authority to hear appeals brought from lower courts, granting leave to appeal in cases that the court determines to be sufficiently complex or important.

The Constitution of the State of Michigan charges the Supreme Court with "general superintending control" over all courts, making it responsible for general administrative supervision of the lower courts and requiring it to establish rules for practice and procedure in all courts. The Supreme Court monitors court workloads, provides guidance and assistance to courts, promulgates court rules and rules of evidence to ensure due process of law, and meets regularly with representatives of the bench, the bar, and the public.

Full-time equated exempted positions	306.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.
Community dispute resolution – 3.0 FTE positions	\$3,381,300	Provides staff support and grants to local community dispute resolution centers established under 1988 PA 260 to provide mediation and other forms of voluntary dispute resolution as an alternative to the judicial process.
		Funding Source(s): Private 85,000 Restricted 2,417,200 GF/GP 879,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214, 303
Drug treatment courts – 2.0 FTE positions	12,962,000	Grant funding for drug treatment courts, driving while intoxicated (DWI) /sobriety courts, WebGrants online grant management system, and Michigan Drug Court Case Management Information System. Drug treatment courts operate to reduce criminal activity and to rehabilitate offenders diagnosed with substance use disorders through a combination of therapeutic services and judicial supervision. Programs offer an alternative to imprisonment for non-violent criminal offenders. Currently, there are 141 drug treatment/DWI sobriety courts operating in the state - 62 hybrid drug treatment/DWI sobriety courts, 40 DWI sobriety courts, 12 adult and 10 juvenile drug treatment courts, 8 family dependency courts, and 9 tribal drug treatment/DWI sobriety courts.
		Funding Source(s): IDG 1,500,000 Federal 2,450,000 Restricted 1,920,500 GF/GP 7,091,500
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214, 306, 307, 314
Foster care review board – 10.0 FTE positions	1,421,200	Provides staff support for Citizen's Foster Care Review Board program, established by the legislature in 1984 PA 422. Citizen review boards review individual abuse/neglect cases within the foster care system to assist the courts and children's services agencies in assuring prompt and permanent child placement. There are 30 advisory committee members, 75 volunteer board members, in 6 statewide regions. Each region has 2 regional boards, for a total of 12 regional review boards throughout the state.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 324,500 GF/GP 1,096,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214

Jail reform advisory support  – 1.0 FTE position	157,700	Funding for implementation of recently enacted criminal justice reforms, the Jail Reform Advisory Council established under Executive Order 2021-5, and for educating and training judges on pretrial reform.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 157,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214
Judicial information systems – 91.0 FTE positions	19,647,000	Develops, implements, and maintains automated information systems and office automation support systems for all Supreme Court agencies, including maintenance of a telecommunication network for state judicial agencies; installs and maintains videoconferencing equipment in all trial court locations for virtual transport of prisoners, expert testimony, and other routine hearings to enhance security and improve efficiency. Funds development/implementation of a single, statewide judicial case management system that will be used by all trial courts.
		Funding Source(s): IDG 52,300 Federal 231,900 GF/GP 19,362,800
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 208, 211, 212, 214, 302, 310, 311, 312
Judicial institute – 17.0 FTE positions	2,865,600	Provides continuing education and training to judges and court personnel through on-site classes, web-based instruction, and publications; programs are free to eligible participants. Updates and publishes bench books used by judges and court staff. Operates the Learning Center in the Hall of Justice, which introduces children and adults to the Michigan court system.
		Funding Source(s): IDG 100,000 Federal 229,000 Private 64,200 GF/GP 2,472,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214
Justice for all – 2.0 FTE positions	1,534,700	Provides funding for court process improvements, pilot programs, training for court personnel, and community outreach. Funding for simplifying the court system, court rules, processes, and forms in order to increase court and community engagement and access to justice.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,534,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214
Mental health courts and diversion services – 1.0 FTE position	5,712,000	Targets offenders who have been diagnosed with serious mental illnesses, serious emotional disturbances, or developmental disabilities, as defined in the mental health code. The severe nature of the mental illnesses or functional impairments must necessitate intensive clinical services. Mental health courts offer offenders opportunities to participate in court-based treatment programs to address their mental illnesses instead of sentencing them to lengthy jail or prison terms. Includes intense judicial oversight, treatment through local community mental health service providers, drug testing when appropriate, referrals to community services, enrollment in educational classes and certificate programs, transportation assistance, and assistance with obtaining employment. Currently, there are 34 adult and 8 juvenile mental health courts operating in the state.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 5,712,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 211, 214, 304, 306

Next generation Michigan		
court system	4,116,000	Funding to develop, implement, and maintain MiCourt Case Management Platform at 252 court locations. Platform provides trial courts with recordkeeping, case-flow management, financial management, and reporting, along with features such as case search, SMS reminders, court docket displays, and other items. Platform allows for future technology needs to be added without rewriting core system.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,116,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214
Other federal grants	275,100	Authorization to receive various federal grant revenues, when made available, for projects such as training programs, evaluations, and bench book development and updating.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 275,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214
State court administrative office – 83.0 FTE positions	15,491,300	State Court Administrative Office (SCAO) provides administrative oversight of and technical assistance to trial court judges and staff; analyzes legislative and executive proposals for impact on the judicial branch; collects and evaluates data on trial court operations, including operations of problem-solving courts; recommends necessary changes in judicial resources, whether through temporary reassignment of judges or increases or decreases in numbers of judgeships; develops and implements trial court performance measures; coordinates risk, needs, and detention screening and assessment tools for juvenile justice services.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 3,040,900 Private 1,287,700 Restricted 1,172,700
		GF/GP 9,990,000
		GF/GP 9,990,000  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403, 404
Supreme court administration – 96.0 FTE positions	16,548,600	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403,
administration – 96.0 FTE	16,548,600	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403, 404  Supports Supreme Court operations and related administrative functions, including Supreme Court Counsel, Clerk of the Court, Crier's Office, Court Reporter, Board of Law Examiners, and offices of public
administration – 96.0 FTE	16,548,600	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403, 404  Supports Supreme Court operations and related administrative functions, including Supreme Court Counsel, Clerk of the Court, Crier's Office, Court Reporter, Board of Law Examiners, and offices of public information, finance, and human resources.  Funding Source(s): Restricted 827,600
administration – 96.0 FTE	16,548,600 3,350,000	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403, 404  Supports Supreme Court operations and related administrative functions, including Supreme Court Counsel, Clerk of the Court, Crier's Office, Court Reporter, Board of Law Examiners, and offices of public information, finance, and human resources.  Funding Source(s): Restricted 827,600 GF/GP 15,721,000  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214,
administration – 96.0 FTE positions  Swift and sure sanctions		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 302, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 314, 401, 402, 403, 404  Supports Supreme Court operations and related administrative functions, including Supreme Court Counsel, Clerk of the Court, Crier's Office, Court Reporter, Board of Law Examiners, and offices of public information, finance, and human resources.  Funding Source(s): Restricted 827,600 GF/GP 15,721,000  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 208, 209, 211, 212, 214, 301, 310  Funding for a high-intensity supervision program designed to serve as an alternative to traditional probation, providing close monitoring and swift sanctions in the event of probation violations. Program focuses on high-risk, felony offenders. Currently, there are 21 circuit courts receiving

Veterans courts	1,061,200	Veterans treatment courts help to address particular needs of military veterans who become involved with the court system. Veterans treatment courts use a hybrid integration of drug treatment court and mental health court principles. They promote sobriety, recovery, and stability through a coordinated response that involves collaboration with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. Currently, there are 27 veterans treatment courts operating in the state.  Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,061,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 306
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$88,523,700	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
IDG from department of corrections	52,300	User fees paid for Judicial Data Warehouse. Supports Judicial Information Systems line item.
IDG from department of state police	1,500,000	Revenue from Byrne formula grant funding. Supports expansion of drug treatment courts (Drug Treatment Courts line item).
IDG from department of state police, Michigan justice training fund	100,000	Revenue from Michigan Justice Training Fund. Supports training court support personnel funded through Judicial Institute line item.
DOJ, drug court training and evaluation	300,000	Authorization to receive grant funding from U.S. Department of Justice. Supports Drug Treatment Courts line item.
DOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	2,258,700	Grants for training programs that focus on repeat and first-time drunk driving offenders and development of automated systems for collection, maintenance, and sharing of traffic safety data. Supports Judicial Institute line item (\$126,800), Drug Treatment Courts line item (\$1,900,000), and Judicial Information Systems line item (\$231,900).
Federal funds	275,100	Authorization to receive other federal grant revenue that may become available. Supports Other Federal Grants line item.
HHS, access and visitation grant	502,000	Used for programs that facilitate non-custodial parents' access to their children. Supports SCAO line item.
HHS, children's justice grant	254,000	Used to implement judicial, attorney, and field worker trainings targeted at child welfare system improvement. Trainings are based on court improvement program committee findings and developed collaboratively with various stakeholder community agencies, Governor's Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect, and Department of Health and Human Services. Supports SCAO line item.
HHS, court improvement project	987,700	Ongoing federal grant used for improvement in court processing of child protective proceedings. Supports SCAO line item.
HHS, safe access for victims economic security grant	420,000	Federal grant used to increase safe access to child support services for domestic violence victims/survivors who are not receiving child support services. Supports SCAO line item.
HHS, state opioid response grant	352,200	Used to increase access to medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder, reduce unmet treatment need, and reduce opioid overdose-related deaths through the provision of prevention, treatment and recovery activities for opioid use disorder and stimulant misuse and use disorders. Supports Drug Treatment Courts line item (\$250,000) and Judicial Institute line item (\$102,200).
HHS, title IV-D child support program	877,200	Supports Friend of the Court Bureau within SCAO line item.
HHS, title IV-E foster care program	324,500	Foster care/adoption assistance grants made available to Foster Care Review Board from U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Supports Foster Care Review Board line item.

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$71,007,500	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.
State court fund	417,900	Revenue directed to SCAO administrative costs from funding allocated to State Court Fund from Civil Filing Fee Fund, Justice System Fund, and Friend of the Court service fees. Supports SCAO line item.
Miscellaneous revenue	249,400	Authorization to receive revenue that may become available from miscellaneous functions, such as sale of publications and court reporter certification fees. Supports Supreme Court Administration line item (\$41,600), SCAO line item (\$120,200), and Swift and Sure Sanctions Program line item (\$87,600).
Law exam fees	786,000	Fees collected by Board of Law Examiners from applicants for admission to the bar. Fees to be used for compensating board members and for administering Michigan Bar Exam. Supports Supreme Court Administration line item.
Justice system fund	634,600	Revenue earmarked from Justice System Fund (0.98% of funds available) for oversight and monitoring of fund collections and distributions by SCAO. Supports SCAO line item.
Drug treatment court fund	1,920,500	Revenue derived from civil infraction assessments and statutory state costs in criminal cases that are deposited into Justice System Fund and disbursed to Drug Court Fund under statutory allocation formula. Supports Drug Treatment Courts line item.
Court of appeals filing/motion fees	1,450,000	Revenue generated by statutorily set motion and filing fees for the Court of Appeals. Supports Swift and Sure Sanctions Program line item.
Community dispute resolution fund	2,417,200	Revenue derived from civil filing fees that are deposited in Civil Filing Fee Fund and disbursed to Community Dispute Resolution Program to be used for mediation, conciliation, and other forms of voluntary dispute resolution services as an alternative to judicial process. Revenue distributed to community dispute resolution centers as grant funding by SCAO. Supports Community Dispute Resolution line item.
State justice institute	529,000	Grant funding received from State Justice Institute, a non-profit corporation established by Congress to award grants to improve quality of justice in state courts. Supports SCAO line item (\$379,800), Judicial Institute line item (\$64,200), and Community Dispute Resolution line item (\$85,000).
Private funds	501,100	Authorization to receive grants that may become available from private organizations. Supports SCAO line item.
Interest on lawyers trust accounts	406,800	Revenue derived from pooled interest-bearing accounts into which attorneys deposit certain short-term trust funds; distributed by State Bar Foundation under Supreme Court rule. Used for legal services for the poor and improvements in administration of justice. Supports SCAO line item.

#### **SECTION 103: COURT OF APPEALS**

Article VI, Section 1 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan provides for the Michigan Court of Appeals, with jurisdiction provided by law, and practice and procedure prescribed by Supreme Court rule. The Court of Appeals is an "intermediate" appellate court between state trial courts and the Supreme Court. There are 25 judges nominated and elected at nonpartisan elections. The court hears civil and criminal cases. Three-judge panels hear cases in Lansing, Detroit, Grand Rapids, and Marquette. Panels are rotated with an aim to counteract regional variance and to promote statewide uniformity in rulings.

When circumstances require, the Supreme Court may assign additional judges to increase the number of panels available. The procedure for hearing cases is similar to that followed by the Supreme Court. The decision of a panel of the Court of Appeals is final except in those cases where the Supreme Court reviews the decision.

Full-time equated exempted positions	179.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.
Court of appeals operations – 179.0 FTE positions	\$27,295,200	Funds operational and staff costs, including those of judges' offices, clerk's office, research division, information systems department, finance office, and security department.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 27,295,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 211, 214, 301
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$27,295,200	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$27,295,200	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.

## **SECTION 104: BRANCHWIDE APPROPRIATIONS**

This appropriation unit provides funding for day-to-day operational costs including rent, security, and worker's compensation.

Full-time equated exempted positions	6.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.
Branchwide appropriations – 6.0 FTE positions	\$10,915,800	Funds a variety of operational costs pertaining to the judicial branch as a whole: private rent and building occupancy charges for the Michigan Supreme Court, State Court Administrative Office, and Court of Appeals; worker's compensation; security for the Hall of Justice.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 10,915,800
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 211, 212, 214
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$10,915,800	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$10,915,800	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.

#### **SECTION 105: JUSTICES' AND JUDGES' COMPENSATION**

According to Article IV, Section 12 of the state constitution, the State Officers Compensation Commission (SOCC) determines Supreme Court Justices' salaries, which currently stand at \$181,483. All other judges' salaries are determined by statute, the Revised Judicature Act of 1961, 1961 PA 236. For FY 2024-25, the salary for a judge of the Court of Appeals is \$195,625 and the salary for a circuit, probate, and district court judge is \$180,741.

At its meeting in May 2023, SOCC recommended a 7% salary increase for Supreme Court Justices in 2025 and 2026, as well as a \$10,000 annual expense allowance. Recommendations must be approved by the legislature via a concurrent resolution adopted by a majority of the members elected to and serving in the House and in the Senate. Pending adoption of House Concurrent Resolution 0006 of 2023, the increased salary and addition of an expense allowance would become effective for the legislative session immediately following the next general election, which will begin January 1, 2025. At that time, the salary of a Supreme Court Justice would be \$194,187.

District and circuit court judges' salaries are paid by the state in two stages. The first is the largest portion, or state portion, in which a warrant is provided by the state directly to the judge. The remaining portion of the salary is paid by the court funding unit, which is then reimbursed for the entire amount by the state.

Probate court judges' salaries are paid by local funding units, which are then reimbursed by the state. Reimbursements for part-time probate court judges, however, are limited to \$25,750 each.

Full-time judges and	589.0	Full-time justices and judges.
justices		, , ,
Supreme court justices' salaries – 7.0 justices	\$1,359,400	Funding for justices' salaries; justices' health care and life insurance benefits funded from Supreme Court Administration line item.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,359,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305
Circuit court judges' state 29,838,800 base salaries – 221.0 judges		State salary share paid by the state directly to circuit court judges.
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,284,600 GF/GP 28,554,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305
Circuit court judicial salary	10,105,400	Local salary share paid to circuit court judges, reimbursed by the state.
standardization		Funding Source(s): Restricted 400,100 GF/GP 9,705,300
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305
Court of appeals judges' salaries – 25.0 judges	4,890,700	Funding for appeals judges' salaries; appeals judges' health care and life insurance benefits funded from Court of Appeals Operations line item.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,890,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305
District court judges' state	31,290,400	State salary share paid by the state directly to district court judges.
base salaries – 232.0 judges		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 31,290,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$120,899,700	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.		
Court fee fund	2,535,900	By statute, Court Fee Fund consists of court fee revenue that is in excess of the amount required to meet actuarial needs of judicial retirement system. Court Fee Fund supports judicial salaries and Court Equity Fund.		
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$123,435,600	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305		
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 7,944,600		
OASI, Social Security	7,944,600	Employer's share of social security.		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305		
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 8,812,100		
Judges' retirement system 8,812,100 defined contributions		Employer's share of retirement costs for judges who participate in defined contribution retirement plan.		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305		
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 222,600 GF/GP 4,481,300		
Probate court judicial salary standardization	4,703,900	Local salary share paid to probate court judges, reimbursed by the state.		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305		
judges		Funding Source(s): Restricted 628,600 GF/GP 13,264,500		
base salaries – 104.0 court		State salary share, which the state reimburses at 100%, paid to probate court judges.		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 305		
standardization		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 10,597,200		
District court judicial salary	10,597,200	Local salary share paid to district court judges, reimbursed by the state.		

#### **SECTION 106: JUDICIAL AGENCIES**

This appropriation unit provides funding for the 9-member Judicial Tenure Commission, which was established by Article VI, Section 30 of the Constitution of the State of Michigan. The commission serves to promote the integrity of the judicial process and to preserve public confidence in the courts by holding judges accountable for their misconduct without jeopardizing or compromising the essential independence of the judiciary. The commission consists of 4 judges elected by the judges of the state's courts, 3 members elected by the State Bar of Michigan, and 2 members appointed by the governor.

Full-time equated exempted positions	14.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.	
Judicial tenure commission – 14.0 FTE positions	\$2,907,800	Investigates complaints against judges, and, where appropriate, recommends disciplinary action by Supreme Court; small permanent staff provides administrative and investigative support; temporary special investigators are employed as needed.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 2,907,800	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 211, 212, 214	
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$2,907,800	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$2,907,800	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.	

### **SECTION 107: INDIGENT DEFENSE - CRIMINAL**

This appropriation unit provides funding for the State Appellate Defender Office and the Michigan Appellate Assigned Counsel System, operated under the authority of the State Appellate Defender Commission, which was established within the State Court Administrative Office pursuant to 1978 PA 620.

Full-time equated exempted positions	112.5	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.	
Appellate public defender program – 94.0 FTE positions	\$16,081,900		
		Funding Source(s): IDG 250,000 Federal 581,200 Private 468,400 Restricted 172,400 GF/GP 14,609,900	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 211, 212, 214, 313, 316, 317	
Juvenile life resentencing – 18.5 FTE positions	2,894,200	Funding for SADO to ensure continued compliance with U.S. Supreme Court ruling on <i>Montgomery v. Louisiana</i> decision and Michigan Supreme Court rulings in <i>People v. Parks</i> and <i>People v. Stovall.</i> The U.S. Supreme Court held mandatory life sentences without the possibility of parole for all offenders under the age of 18 are unconstitutional. The Michigan Supreme Court is reviewing the Court of Appeals opinion in <i>People v Poole</i> finding mandatory life without parole sentences unconstitutional for all people who are 18 years old at the time of their offense. Also, parolable life sentences for juveniles have been found unconstitutional in Michigan. Resentencing hearings are taking place for these individuals and appellate courts review the decisions. There are over 10 SADO clients still awaiting resentencing hearings under the U.S. Supreme Court ruling, and roughly 350 people now eligible for new sentencing hearings under the Michigan Court of Appeals and Supreme Court decisions.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 2,894,200	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 208, 211, 212, 214, 313, 316	
Michigan appellate assigned counsel system roster attorney compensation grants	3,208,100	Funding to create a cost-share grant program to support counties that increase pay rates for appellate counsel for indigent offenders that are assigned through MAACS. New rates will be consistent with rates adopted under Michigan Indigent Defense Commission standards.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 3,208,100	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 317	

GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$22,184,200	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
IDG from department of state police	250,000	Federal Byrne formula grant funding made available to SADO through the Department of State Police.	
Federal funds	581,200	Authorization to receive other federal grant revenues that may become available.	
Interest on lawyers trust accounts	88,400	Revenue derived from pooled interest-bearing accounts into which attorneys deposit certain short-term trust funds; distributed by State Bar Foundation under Supreme Court rule. Used for legal services for the poor and improvements in administration of justice.	
Michigan justice fund	380,000	Authorization to receive private Michigan justice fund grant revenues that may become available from the Community Foundation for Southeast Michigan.	
Miscellaneous revenue	172,400	Authorization to receive revenue that may become available from miscellaneous functions, such as sale of publications.	
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$20,712,200	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.	

# **SECTION 108: INDIGENT CIVIL LEGAL ASSISTANCE**

This appropriation unit provides funding for legal aid programs that provide legal assistance to indigent people involved in civil litigation.

Indigent civil legal assistance	\$7,937,000	Represents 23% of the State Court Fund that statute allocates to indigent civil legal assistance programs; distributed by Michigan State Bar Foundation to providers of indigent legal services.	
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 7,937,000	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214	
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$7,937,000	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
State court fund	7,937,000	State Court Fund receives statutory allocations from Justice System Fund (revenue from civil infraction assessments and statutory state costs in criminal cases) and Civil Filing Fee Fund (revenue from filing fees in civil cases). State Court Fund supports indigent civil legal assistance and Court Equity Fund.	
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$0	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.	

## **SECTION 109: TRIAL COURT OPERATIONS**

This appropriation unit provides funding for various grant programs and reimbursements in support of trial courts. Primary among these is the Court Equity Fund Reimbursements program.

Drug case-flow program  250,000 Assists trial courts with complying with requirements for management and reporting to the Secretary of State information to specific drug cases. Fees collected from certain drug-related are distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseloa formula.  Funding Source(s): Restricted  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offed distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based	erational F/GP and ula that umber of 440,000 375,700 or timely n related offenses ad-based 250,000
reimbursements  expenses. Funding from Court Equity Fund is combined with GF distributed to counties quarterly under a statutory form recognizes circuit and probate court caseload activity and no judgeships allocated to each county.  Funding Source(s): Restricted 50, GF/GP 10,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drug case-flow program  250,000 Assists trial courts with complying with requirements for management and reporting to the Secretary of State informatio to specific drug cases. Fees collected from certain drug-related are distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload formula.  Funding Source(s): Restricted  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial inf system and other technology innovations that will result in e public service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	F/GP and ula that umber of 440,000 375,700 or timely n related offenses ad-based 250,000
Drug case-flow program  250,000 Assists trial courts with complying with requirements for management and reporting to the Secretary of State informatio to specific drug cases. Fees collected from certain drug-related are distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseloa formula.  Funding Source(s): Restricted  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offenses under	or timely n related offenses ad-based 250,000
Drug case-flow program  250,000 Assists trial courts with complying with requirements for management and reporting to the Secretary of State informatio to specific drug cases. Fees collected from certain drug-related are distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseloa formula.  Funding Source(s): Restricted  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial information system and other technology innovations that will result in epublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	n related offenses ad-based 250,000
management and reporting to the Secretary of State informatio to specific drug cases. Fees collected from certain drug-related are distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseloa formula.  Funding Source(s): Restricted  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial information system and other technology innovations that will result in epublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	n related offenses ad-based 250,000
Prunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial infersystem and other technology innovations that will result in epublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	
Drunk driving case-flow program  3,300,000 Assists trial courts with timely disposition of cases in which de are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial information system and other technology innovations that will result in epublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	fondanta
are charged with qualifying drunk driving offenses under eith statute or local ordinance. Fees from certain drunk driving offe distributed by SCAO to trial courts according to caseload-based  Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,  Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214  Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial infinity system and other technology innovations that will result in expublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	fondanta
Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial infinity system and other technology innovations that will result in expublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	ner state nses are
Judicial technology improvement fund  4,815,000 Funds ongoing support for an integrated statewide judicial infinity system and other technology innovations that will result in expublic service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	300,000
improvement fund system and other technology innovations that will result in e public service and access to local trial courts. Funded wholly	
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Funding Source(s): Restricted 4,	815,000
Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214	
Juror compensation reimbursement – 1.0 FTE position 6,613,600 Assists trial courts with increased costs of juror compensation statutory increases in minimum compensation that took effect 1, 2003.	following October
Funding Source(s): Restricted 6,	613,600
Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214	
Statewide e-file system – 25.0 FTE positions  Authorization to receive electronic filing fee revenue to implementation, operation, and maintenance of the statewide e filing system. The system is used for initiating original acti appeals; filing motions, briefs, and other materials in existing serving all filings on opposing parties; making fee payme requesting fee waivers.	electronic ons and g cases;
Funding Source(s): Restricted 11,	
Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214	947,800

GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$87,742,100	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
Court equity fund	50,440,000	Revenue derived from various statutory court fees and costs; recei statutory allocations from 4 funds: Justice System Fund, Civil Filing I Fund, Court Fee Fund, and State Court Fund.	
Drug case information management fund	250,000	Created by 1993 PA 359; promotes timely disposition of drug offenses. Funding is disbursed to district, probate, and circuit courts annually using a caseload-based formula.	
Drunk driving case-flow assistance fund	3,300,000	Created by 1991 PA 91; promotes timely disposition of drunk driving offenses. Funding is disbursed to district and municipal courts annually using a caseload-based formula.	
Judicial electronic filing fund	11,947,800	Created by 2015 PA 234; statutorily set fees paid by parties filing civil actions.	
Judicial technology improvement fund	4,815,000	Judicial Technology Improvement Fund receives statutory allocat from Civil Filing Fee Fund, which is supported by filing fees impose civil cases.	
Juror compensation fund	6,613,600	Created by 2002 PA 740; revenue from driver's license clearance and jury demand fee earmarks.	
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$10,375,700	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.	

# **SECTION 110: ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS**

This appropriation unit contains FY 2024-25 appropriations which are intended by the legislature to be one-time allocations that may not be reauthorized in future years.

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$2,000,000	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.	
IDG from department of health and human services	500,000	Federal funding from the Office of Juvenile Justice Delinquency and Prevention made available through the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services. Grant funding supports Status Offender Pilot Program line item.	
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$2,500,000	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 402	
		Funding Source(s): IDG 500,000	
Status offender pilot program	500,000	One-time funding awarded by the Office of Juvenile Justice Delinquency and Prevention to be used by eligible courts for providing services for diverted youth.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 404	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 500,000	
Prescription compliance through oral fluid testing program	500,000	oral fluid testing program to veterans treatment courts, mental health treatment courts, and drug treatment courts that want to offer the program.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 403	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,000,000	
Operation drive	1,000,000	One-time funding for Operation Drive program that assists individuals with regaining driving privileges by providing guidance on how to address underlying issues that led to driver license suspension guidance on how to maintain responsibility, and guidance on how to address traffic tickets, warrants, court appearances, and payment of fees and fines.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 214, 401	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 500,000	
Eviction diversion pilot program	\$500,000	One-time funding for eviction diversion pilot program in 14A District Court in Washtenaw County. Program designed to settle landlord-tenant disputes. Funding used to assist tenants experiencing financial hardship to prevent eviction and homelessness.	

#### **BOILERPLATE SECTION INFORMATION**

#### **GENERAL SECTIONS**

#### Sec. 201. State Spending and State Appropriations Paid to Local Units

Lists amount of total state spending from state sources and amount of state spending from state sources to be paid to local units of government.

#### Sec. 202. Appropriations Subject to Management and Budget Act

Subjects all appropriations to the Management and Budget Act, 1984 PA 431.

#### Sec. 203. Terms and Acronyms

Defines various terms and acronyms used in the appropriations act.

#### Sec. 204. Internet Availability of Required Reports

Requires judicial branch to use internet to fulfill reporting requirements; authorizes transmission of reports via e-mail.

#### Sec. 205. Purchase of Foreign Goods and Services

Prohibits purchase of foreign goods or services, or both, if competitively priced and of comparable quality American goods or services are available; requires preference to be given to goods and services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses and Michigan businesses owned and operated by veterans.

#### Sec. 206. Out-of-State Travel

Requires SCAO to report on out-of-state travel by judicial branch employees in previous fiscal year that was paid for, in whole or in part, with appropriations; requires dates of each travel occurrence and details on financing of transportation costs.

#### Sec. 207. General Fund Lapses

Requires SBO to report on estimates of general fund lapses by major program or program areas at close of fiscal year.

#### Sec. 208. Transparency Website

Requires judicial branch to maintain a searchable website accessible by the public at no cost that includes all expenditures made by judicial branch within fiscal year and purposes for which expenditures were made.

#### Sec. 209. State Restricted Fund Balances, Revenues, and Expenditures

Requires judicial branch to work with SBO to report annually on estimated state restricted fund balances, state restricted fund projected revenues, and state restricted fund expenditures.

#### Sec. 211. Disciplinary Action Against State Employees - UNENFORCEABLE

Prohibits judicial branch from taking disciplinary action against employees for communicating with legislators or their staff unless the communication is prohibited by law and the judicial branch is exercising its authority. (Governor's signing letter states this section is unenforceable.)

#### Sec. 212. Guidelines for Receipt and Retention of Required Reports

Requires judicial branch to receive and retain copies of all required reports; requires federal and state guidelines to be followed for short- and long-term retention of records; authorizes judicial branch to electronically retain copies of reports unless otherwise required by federal and state guidelines.

#### Sec. 214. Approval of Expenditures and Fund Transfers

Prohibits funding appropriated from being expended or transferred without approval of the authorized agent (designated by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court); requires approval of expenditures by the Supreme Court.

#### JUDICIAL BRANCH

#### Sec. 301. Statutory Reimbursement to Court of Claims

Specifies allocation of funding for Circuit Court reimbursement and for costs associated with the Court of Claims.

#### Sec. 302. Judicial Data Warehouse Information Requests

Authorizes members of legislature to request reports or data from data collected in judicial data warehouse; requires reports to be made available to public, unless disclosure is prohibited; requires data provided to be public and non-identifying information.

#### **BOILERPLATE SECTION INFORMATION**

#### Sec. 303. Community Dispute Resolution

Requires community dispute resolution centers to provide dispute resolution services and to help to reduce suspensions and truancy, and improve school climate; authorizes funding to be used to develop or expand juvenile diversion services in cooperation with local prosecutors.

#### Sec. 304. Funding for Recommendations of Mental Health Diversion Council

Expresses legislative intent that \$1.7 million of the appropriation for Mental Health Courts and Diversion Services is to be used to address recommendations of Mental Health Diversion Council.

#### Sec. 305. Sufficient Funding for Judges' Compensation

Authorizes appropriation of GF/GP to meet costs of judges' compensation should revenue from Court Fee Fund be insufficient; requires notification by SCAO within 14 days of GF/GP appropriation.

#### Sec. 306. Report on Problem-Solving Courts

Requires SCAO to provide statistical report on drug treatment, mental health, and veterans court programs, for each individual court, by program; requires reporting on number and types of programs established, number of program participants, program impacts on offender criminal involvement and recidivism, and accounting of prior year expenditures, including grant amounts requested by courts, grant amounts awarded to courts, and grant amounts expended by courts.

#### Sec. 307. Drug Treatment Courts

Requires SCAO to administer appropriation for operating drug treatment court programs; requires drug treatment courts to handle cases involving substance abusing nonviolent offenders through comprehensive supervision, testing, treatment services, and immediate sanctions and incentives; requires allocation of sufficient funding for Michigan Judicial Institute to provide in-state training for drug treatment court staff and judges; authorizes consideration of priority to be given to courts where higher instances of substance abuse cases are filed; specifies that \$1.5 million in federal Byrne grant revenue is to be used for expanding drug treatment courts to assist in avoiding prison bed space growth for nonviolent offenders.

#### Sec. 308. Swift and Sure Sanctions Program

Requires SCAO to administer Swift and Sure Sanctions program and distribute grants to qualifying courts; authorizes SCAO to expend \$150,000 of appropriation to pay for employee costs associated with administration of program; reserves \$500,000 for programs in counties that had more than 325 individuals sentenced to prison in previous calendar year; requires SCAO to work with Department of Corrections to report, for each individual court, by program, courts participating in program, criminal history of offenders, recidivism rates, parameters of program, courts participating in program, and accounting of prior year expenditures, including grant amounts requested by courts, grant amounts awarded to courts, and grant amounts expended by courts.

#### Sec. 310. Legal Self-Help Website

Requires judicial branch to support a statewide legal self-help internet website and local nonprofit self-help centers that provide assistance to individuals representing themselves in civil legal proceedings; requires SCAO to summarize costs of maintaining website, provide statistics on number of people visiting website, and provide information on content usage, form completion, and user feedback.

#### Sec. 311. Status of Statewide Judicial Case Management System

Requires SCAO to report on the statewide judicial case management system, including a status update on development and implementation of the system and an accounting of all appropriations and expenditures for the previous and current fiscal years.

#### Sec. 312. Prohibit Charging Fees for Use of Statewide Case Management

Prohibits SCAO from imposing or collecting local user fees from trial courts that use the statewide judicial case management system.

#### Sec. 313. State Appellate Defender Office - Receipt of Federal Funding

Authorizes SADO to receive and expend up to \$250,000 in federal Byrne grant funding and up to \$300,000 in other federal grant funding if made available from the U.S. Department of Justice.

#### **BOILERPLATE SECTION INFORMATION**

#### Sec. 314. Medication-Assisted Treatment Program

Requires judiciary to maintain a medication-assisted treatment program to provide treatment for opioid- and alcohol-addicted individuals who are referred to and who voluntarily participate in the program; requires judiciary to report on the program, including itemized spending by court, number of participants, and statistics that indicate average program participation duration and success rates.

#### Sec. 316. Compliance with Court Decisions - Resentencing of Juveniles

Requires SADO to ensure compliance with U.S. and Michigan Supreme Court rulings on juvenile lifer cases and to ensure competent, resourced, and supervised counsel in cases involving resentencing of juvenile lifers; requires SADO to submit report on number of juvenile lifer cases investigated and prepared, including a calculation of hours spent and incremental costs associated with investigating and conducting examinations of each case.

#### Sec. 317. MAACS Roster Attorney Compensation Grants

Requires funding to deposited into Michigan Appellate Assigned Counsel System Attorney Compensation Fund; creates the fund; authorizes state treasurer to receive money or other assets for deposit into the fund; authorizes unexpended funds to remain in the fund and not lapse to the general fund; requires judiciary to provide payments to indigent defense systems according to law; appropriates and authorizes expenditure of funds.

#### **ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS**

#### Sec. 401. Eviction Diversion Pilot Program

Requires one-time appropriation to be used to support an eviction diversion pilot program in 14A District Court in Washtenaw County; requires funds to be used to assist tenants experiencing financial hardship through a collaborative program designed to settle landlord-tenant disputes and prevent eviction and homelessness; requires SCAO to report on number of program participants, number of disputes settled, number of evictions avoided, and other program outcomes, including benefit of the program to participants and benefit of the program to the state; designates unexpended funding as a work project appropriation.

#### Sec. 402. Status Offender Pilot Program

Requires SCAO to establish a grant program to award 5 eligible courts with grants of up to \$100,000 for innovative, community-based diversion programs and services that work solely with youth for who the court receives a complaint, referral, or petition for what is alleged to be a status offense; authorizes SCAO to partner with DHHS; designates unexpended funding as a work project account.

#### Sec. 403. Operation Drive

Requires \$500,000 to be allocated to the 52nd District Court in Oakland County and \$500,000 to be allocated to district courts statewide that want to establish a program; requires courts receiving funding to work with the 44th District Court in Royal Oak on establishing a program; requires program to provide individuals with guidance on how to address underlying issues that led to driver license suspension, guidance on how to maintain the individual's responsibility, and guidance on how to address traffic tickets, warrants, court appearances, and payment of fees and fines; designates unexpended funding as a work project appropriation.

#### Sec. 404. Prescription Compliance through Oral Fluid Testing Program

Requires \$500,000 to be used to continue the program in veterans, mental health, and drug treatment courts that want to participate; requires SCAO to report on number of programs, number of program participants in each jurisdiction, number of tests completed, program testing and results, program treatment, and program outcomes, including rearrest rate of participants, and benefit of the program to the state; designates unexpended funding as a work project appropriation.



# Mary Ann Cleary, Director Kevin Koorstra, Deputy Director 517.373.8080

## **AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY**

Agriculture and Rural Development	
Attorney General	Michael Cnossen
Auditor General	Michael Cnossen
Bill Analysis	Rick Yuille
	Edith Best; Holly Kuhn; Josh Roesner; Alex Stegbauer
Capital Outlay	Perry Zielak
Civil Rights	Michael Cnossen
Community Colleges	Perry Zielak
Corrections	Robin R. Risko
Economic and Revenue Forecasting	Benjamin Gielczyk
Education (Department)	Noel Benson
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy	Austin Scott
Executive Office	Michael Cnossen
Fiscal Oversight, Audit, and Litigation	Mary Ann Cleary
Health and Human Services:	
	Sydney Brown
	e Operations, Public Assistance Cassidy Uchman Kevin Koorstra
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Kent Dell
	Perry Zielak
_	Marcus Coffin; Una Jakupovic
Judiciary	Robin R. Risko
Labor and Economic Opportunity	Marcus Coffin
Legislature	Michael Cnossen
	Marcus Coffin; Una Jakupovic
Lifelong Education, Advancement, and Potential	Perry Zielak; Noel Benson
Local Finance	Benjamin Gielczyk
Lottery	Michael Cnossen
Michigan Strategic Fund	Marcus Coffin
Military and Veterans Affairs	Michael Cnossen; Aaron Meek
Natural Resources	Austin Scott
Natural Resources Trust Fund	Austin Scott
Retirement	Benjamin Gielczyk
Revenue Forecasting	Benjamin Gielczyk
Revenue Sharing	Benjamin Gielczyk
School Aid	Noel Benson; Jacqueline Mullen
State (Department)	Michael Cnossen
State Police	Michael Cnossen; Aaron Meek
Supplemental Coordinator	Robin R. Risko
Tax Analysis	Benjamin Gielczyk
Technology, Management, and Budget	Michael Cnossen
Transfer Coordinators	Mary Ann Cleary; Robin R. Risko
Transportation	William E. Hamilton
Treasury	Michael Cnossen
Unemployment Insurance	Marcus Coffin
	September 2024



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