



**TO:** Honorable Members of the Criminal Justice Committee

**FROM:** Marci Hamilton, Founder & CEO, CHILD USA; Professor, University of Pennsylvania, and Kathryn Robb, Executive Director, CHILD USA Advocacy

**RE:** HB 4482, 4483, 4484, 4485, 4486 & 4487

**DATE:** June 6, 2023

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Dear Honorable Members of the Criminal Justice Committee

Thank you for allowing us to submit testimony in support of HB 4482, 4483, 4484, 4485, 4486 and 4487. In particular, HB 4482 will extend the statutes of limitation (“SOLs”) for child sexual abuse (“CSA”) and open a 2-year revival window for previously-barred claims, HB 4484 will reduce or remove procedural barriers for survivors of CSA regarding Notice of Claim provisions, and HB 4486 will remove immunity for conduct by government employees who were aware of a prior act of criminal sexual conduct and fail to intervene to prevent further abuse.

This legislation will not only bring long overdue justice to survivors, but it will also greatly reduce the present danger to children in Michigan by exposing hidden predators who are still abusing children today.

By way of introduction, Professor Marci Hamilton is a First Amendment constitutional scholar at the University of Pennsylvania who has led the national movement to reform statutes of limitations to reflect the science of delayed disclosure of childhood sexual abuse and who founded CHILD USA, a national nonprofit think tank devoted to ending child abuse and neglect. Kathryn Robb is the Executive Director of CHILD USA Advocacy, an advocacy organization dedicated to protecting children’s civil liberties and keeping children safe from abuse and neglect. Kathryn is also an outspoken survivor of child sex abuse.

**I. Research on Trauma and Delayed Disclosure Supports SOL Reform for Child Sexual Abuse**

**A. There is a Nationwide Epidemic of CSA Causing Lifelong Damage to Victims**

Currently, more than 10% of children are sexually abused, with at least one in five girls and one in thirteen boys sexually abused before they turn 18.<sup>1</sup> CSA is a social problem that occurs in all social groups and institutions, including familial, religious, educational, medical, and athletic. Nearly 90% of CSA perpetrators are someone the child knows; in fact, roughly one third of CSA offenses are committed by family members.<sup>2</sup>

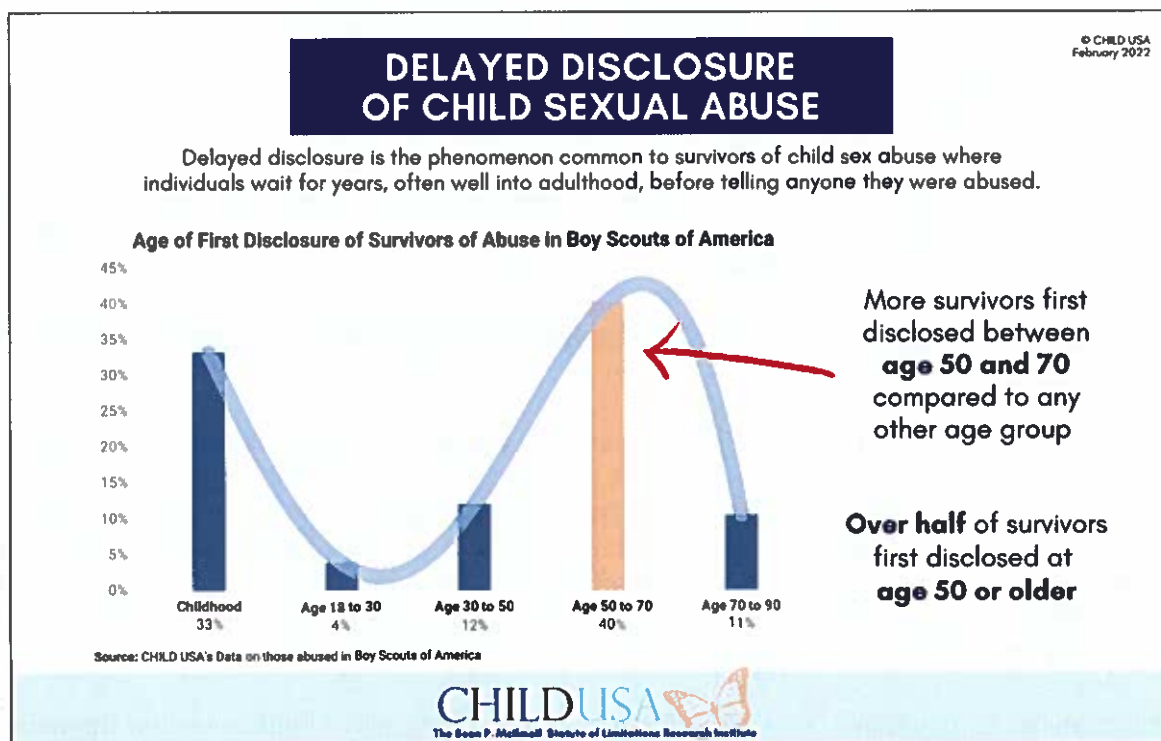
The trauma stemming from CSA is complex and individualized, and it impacts victims throughout their lifetimes:<sup>3</sup>



- Childhood trauma, including CSA, can have **devastating impacts on a child's brain**,<sup>4</sup> including disrupted neurodevelopment; impaired social, emotional, and cognitive development; psychiatric and physical disease, such as post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)<sup>5</sup>; and disability.<sup>6</sup>
- CSA victims suffer an **increased risk of suicide**—in one study, female CSA survivors were two to four times more likely to attempt suicide, and male CSA survivors were four to 11 times more likely to attempt suicide.<sup>7</sup>
- CSA leads to an increased risk of **negative outcomes across the lifespan**, such as alcohol problems, illicit drug use, depression, marriage issues, and family problems.<sup>8</sup>

### B. CSA Victims Commonly Delay Disclosure of Their Abuse for Decades

Many victims of CSA suffer in silence for decades before they talk to anyone about their traumatic experiences. As children, CSA victims often fear the negative repercussions of disclosure, such as disruptions in family stability, loss of relationships, or involvement with the authorities.<sup>9</sup> Additionally, CSA survivors may struggle to disclose because of trauma and psychological barriers such as shame and self-blame, as well as social factors like gender-based stereotypes or the stigma surrounding victimization.<sup>10</sup> Further, many injuries resulting from CSA do not manifest until survivors are well into adulthood. These manifestations may coincide with difficulties in functioning and a further delay in disclosure of abuse.



Moreover, disclosure of CSA to the authorities for criminal prosecution or an attorney in pursuit of civil justice is a difficult and emotionally complex process, which involves the survivor knowing

that he or she was abused, being willing to identify publicly as an abuse survivor, and deciding to act against their abuser. In light of these barriers to disclosure, it is not surprising that:

- In a study of survivors of abuse in Boy Scouts of America, **51%** of survivors disclosed their abuse for the first time at **age 50 or older**.
- An estimated **70%** of child sexual assault victims **never contact police** to report abuse.
- **One-third** of CSA survivors **never report** their abuse to anyone.

For both children and adults, disclosure of CSA trauma is a process and not a discrete event in which a victim comes to terms with their abuse.<sup>11</sup> To effectively protect children from abuse, SOL laws must reflect this reality.

## II. SOL Reform Serves the Public Good by Giving Survivors Access to Justice and Preventing Future Abuse

Historically, a wall of ignorance and secrecy has been constructed around CSA, which has been reinforced by short SOLs that kept victims out of the legal system. Short SOLs for CSA play into the hands of the perpetrators and the institutions that cover up for them; they disable victims' voices and empowerment and leave future children vulnerable to preventable sexual assault.

CHILD USA and CHILD USA Advocacy are leading the vibrant national and global movement to eliminate civil and criminal SOLs and revive expired civil claims as a systemic solution to the preventable CSA epidemic.<sup>12</sup> **There are three compelling public purposes served by the child sexual abuse SOL reform movement**, which are explained in the graphic below:

## HOW STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS REFORM HELPS EVERYONE



### Identifies Hidden Child Predators and the Institutions that Endanger Children

to the public, shielding other children from future abuse.



### Punishes Bad Actors & Shifts the Cost of Abuse

from the victims and taxpayers to those who caused it.



### Prevents Further Abuse

by educating the public about the prevalence, signs, and impact of child sex abuse so that it can be prevented in the future.

**CHILDUSA**   
The Sean P. McInnis Statute of Limitations Research Institute

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#### A. SOL Reform Identifies Hidden Child Predators and Institutions that Endanger Children

It is in society's best interest to have sex abuse survivors identify hidden child predators to the public—whenever the survivor is ready. The decades before public disclosure give perpetrators and institutions wide latitude to suppress the truth to the detriment of children, parents, and the public. Some predators abuse a high number of victims and continue abusing children well into their elderly years. For example, one study found that 7% of offenders sampled committed offenses against 41 to 450 children, and the highest time between offense to conviction was 36 years.<sup>13</sup> SOL reform helps protect Michigan's children by identifying sexual predators in our midst. By extending short restrictive SOLs, and removing other procedural and systemic barriers to justice, especially allowing claims for past abuse to be brought to court, hidden predators are brought into the light and are prevented from further abusing more children in Michigan.

#### B. Reform Punishes Bad Actors and Shifts the Cost of Abuse

CSA generates staggering costs that impact the nation's health care, education, criminal justice, and welfare systems. The estimated lifetime cost to society of child sexual abuse cases occurring in the US in 2015 is \$9.3 billion, and the average cost of non-fatal per female victim was estimated at \$282,734. Average cost estimates per victim include, in part, \$14,357 in child medical costs, \$9,882 in adult medical costs, \$223,581 in lost productivity, \$8,333 in child welfare costs, \$2,434

in costs associated with crime, and \$3,760 in special education costs. Costs associated with suicide deaths are estimated at \$20,387 for female victims.<sup>14</sup>

It is unfair for the victims, their families, and Michigan taxpayers to be the only ones who bear this burden; this bill levels the playing field by imposing liability on the ones who caused the abuse and alleviating the burdens on the victims and taxpayers.

### **B. SOL Reform Prevents Further Abuse**

SOL reform also educates the public about the dangers of CSA and how to prevent it. When predators and institutions are exposed, particularly high-profile ones like Larry Nassar, Jeffrey Epstein, the Boy Scouts of America, and the Catholic Church, the media publish investigations and documentaries that enlighten the public about the insidious ways child molesters operate to sexually assault children and the institutional failures that enabled their abuse.<sup>15</sup> By shedding light on the problem, parents and other guardians are better able to identify abusers and responsible institutions, while the public is empowered to recognize grooming and abusive behavior and pressure youth serving organizations to implement prevention policies to report abuse in real time. Indeed, CSA publicity creates more social awareness to help keep kids safe, while also encouraging institutions to implement accountability and safe practices.

### **III. Michigan Should Join the National Trend Toward SOL Reform for CSA**

The gold standard of the SOL reform movement for CSA is for states to eliminate civil and criminal SOLs and revive expired civil claims—like Vermont, Maine, Guam, and NMI have already done. Michigan is lagging behind with its short SOL for civil claims.

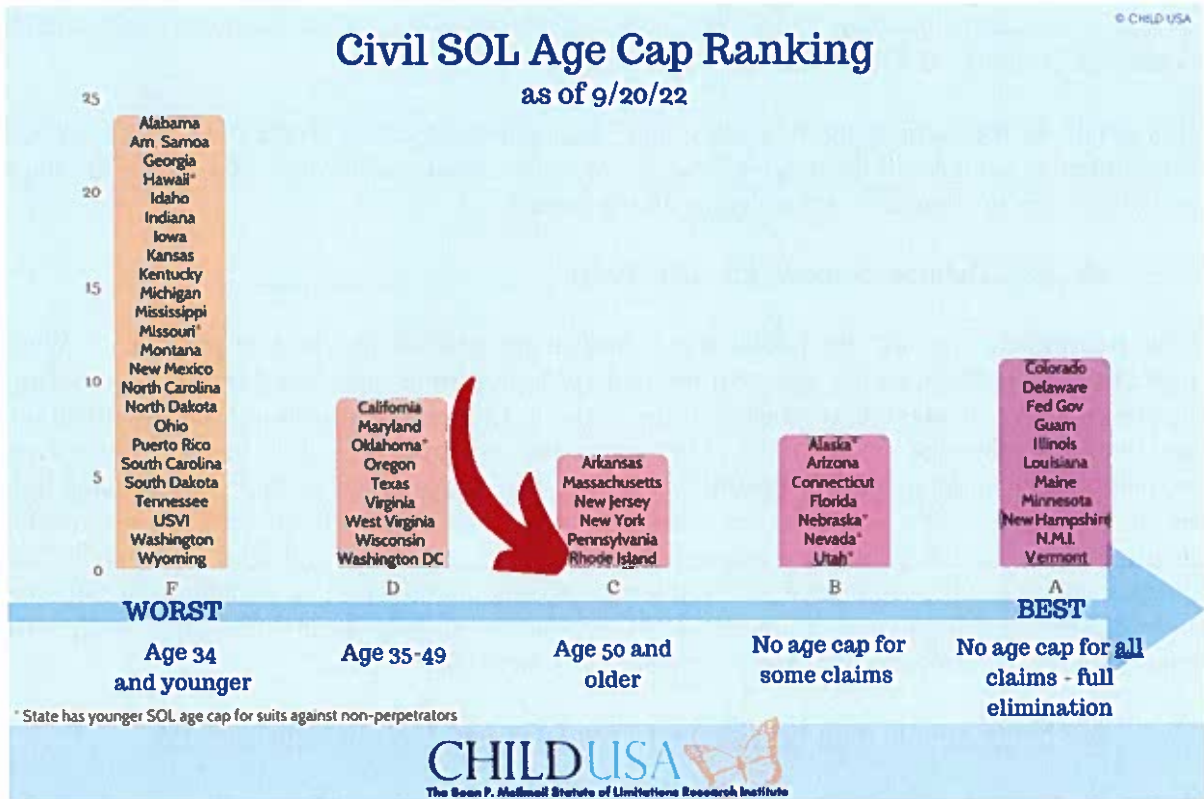
CHILD USA and CHILD USA Advocacy are proud to have played a major role working with bipartisan leaders on a new federal law eliminating the SOL for over a dozen federal civil CSA claims and permitting victims to bring a lawsuit against perpetrators and institutions for compensation for their injuries. 18 U.S.C. § 2255. “The science of trauma is clear: it often takes years for victims to come forward,” stated Senator Richard Durbin (D-Ill.), the sponsor of the bill. Co-sponsor Senator Marsha Blackburn (R-Tenn.) correctly pointed out that “[t]he statute of limitations for sexual abuse offenses should never prohibit young survivors from getting the justice they deserve.”

#### **A. Michigan Should Eliminate Civil SOLs**

Currently, Michigan’s civil SOL for claims against perpetrators expires when victims reach age 28. As shown in the graphic below, **Michigan’s civil SOL ranks among the worst in the country.**

In contrast, as you can see below, **seventeen U.S. states and territories, along with the federal government, have already abolished their age cap for many CSA claims.** The worst states and territories with age limits that block claims when victims are in their 20’s are out of touch with science and the realities child sex abuse trauma. **Michigan is 1 of 13 states with the shortest civil SOLs in the country, cutting off survivors’ rights at age 34 or younger.**





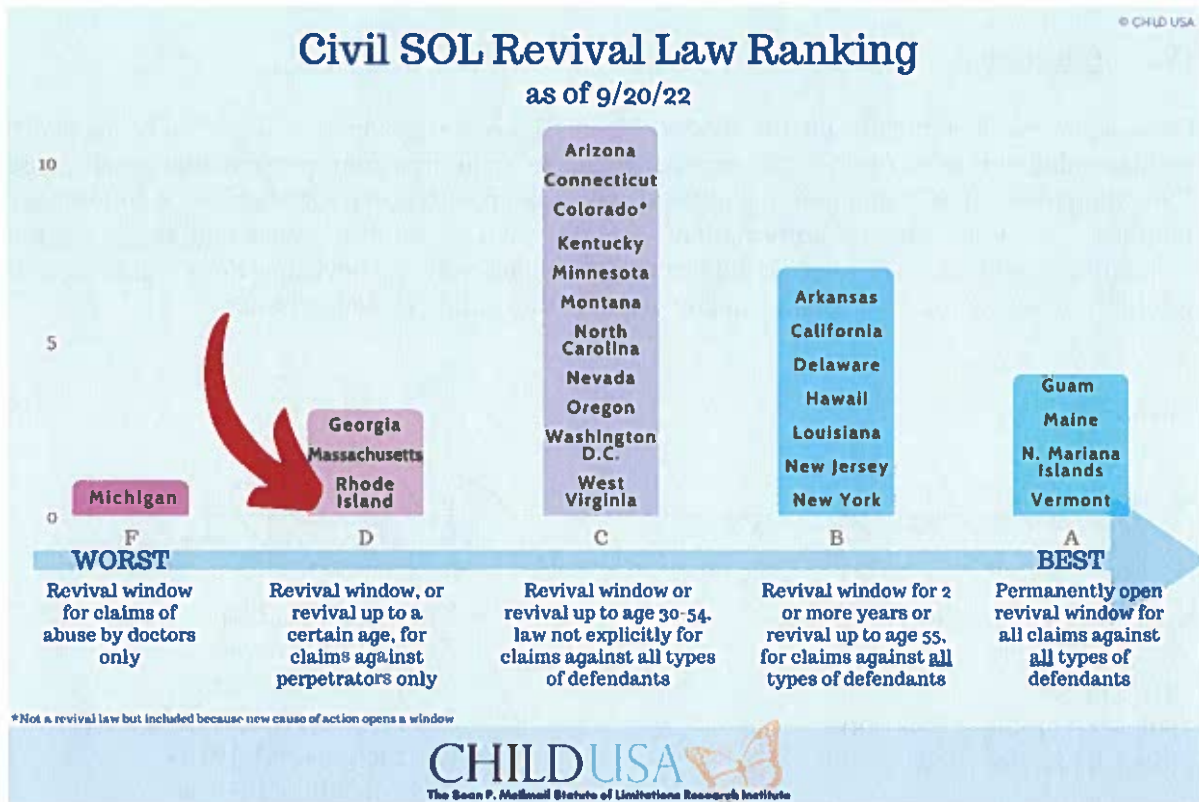
This bill's civil elimination would improve Michigan's SOL significantly. It is in line with the recent federal changes and the overall trend to give older victims more time to come forward in accordance with the delayed disclosure of abuse science.

### B. Michigan Should Revive All Expired Claims/Open a Window for Expired Claims

There is only one way to restore justice to Michigan's CSA survivors blocked from pursuing their claims by unfairly short SOLs—to revive their expired civil claims. Revival laws are not solely about justice for victims; there are also important public safety reasons for allowing older claims of abuse to proceed. When victims are empowered to disclose their abuse and sue for their injuries, the public benefits from finding out who the perpetrators are, the cost of abuse is shifted to those who created it, and it learns how to prevent CSA.

Michigan currently has made almost no progress toward reform of civil SOLs for CSA that has helped few survivors and left most without meaningful recourse for their injuries. Up until 2018, CSA survivors were blocked from filing suit after their 19<sup>th</sup> birthday. In 2018, the legislature acknowledged this was not nearly enough time, amending the SOL to give survivors born after until age 28 to sue all those responsible for their abuse. That same year, this legislature opened a short 90-day revival window for post-1996 offenses, applicable only to cases where the perpetrator was a physician who had been convicted of sexual misconduct under the guise of a medical procedure – essentially limited the window to victims of Larry Nassar. In Michigan, many adult survivors are still shut out of the courts and institutions that enabled rampant CSA have yet to be held accountable.

As you can see in the graphic below, Michigan's age 28 revival law is the lowest ranking because it does not help older survivors and only revives claims against perpetrators.



The jurisdictions that have revived expired civil SOLs more broadly have gained valuable information about hidden child predators and the institutions that harbored them, enabling them to better empower victims. These revival laws do not yield a high number of cases, but instead provide long-overdue justice to older victims of child sex abuse. They also address the systemic issue of institutional CSA, which occurs with alarming frequency in athletic institutions, youth-serving organizations, medical facilities, and religious groups. Without institutional accountability for enabling or turning a blind eye to child sex abuse, the children these institutions serve remain at risk. This bill will incentivize youth serving organizations to implement prevention policies and take action to immediately report abuse and safeguard victims and other children. A revival window sends a strong message that the state will not tolerate “passing the trash” or looking the other way when a person is raping or molesting a child in their midst.

In this first half of 2023 alone, 10 states have passed SOL reform bills – 3 to eliminate civil SOLs for CSA offenses, 2 to extend, and 3 for a civil window/revival. Since January of this year, 21 windows/revivals have been introduced in state legislatures across the nation – 3 of which have already passed.<sup>16</sup>

With these bills, Michigan can remove further barriers to civil justice for survivors and reach the gold standard for SOL reform. If passed, Michigan will stand alongside nearby leaders, Delaware, New Jersey, and New York, allowing more CSA survivors to file claims for abuse. If there is

sufficient evidence to prove civil liability, the mere passage of time should never prevent survivors from accessing justice.

#### IV. Conclusion

Once again, we commend you for supporting this legislation, which is desperately needed to validate adult survivors of CSA and protect Michigan's children from preventable sexual abuse. Extending the civil SOL and reviving expired claims is a positive step for Michigan's children and families. For more information about SOL reform, visit [childusa.org/sol/](http://childusa.org/sol/) or email [info@childusa.org](mailto:info@childusa.org). Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have questions regarding SOL reform or if we can be of assistance in any way on other child protection issues.

Sincerely,



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<sup>1</sup> G. Moody, et. al., *Establishing the international prevalence of self-reported child maltreatment: a systematic review by maltreatment type and gender*, 18(1164) BMC PUBLIC HEALTH (2018) (finding a 20.4% prevalence rate of CSA among North American girls); M. Stoltenborgh, et. al., *A Global Perspective on Child Sexual Abuse: Meta-Analysis of Prevalence Around the World*, 16(2) CHILD MALTREATMENT 79 (2011) (finding a 20.1% prevalence rate of CSA among North American girls); N. Pereda, et. al., *The prevalence of child sexual abuse in community and student samples: A meta-analysis*, 29 CLINICAL PSYCH. REV. 328, 334 (2009) (finding a 7.5% and 25.3% prevalence rate of CSA among North American boys and girls respectively).

<sup>2</sup> Perpetrators often being parents, stepparents, siblings, and grandparents. Sarah E. Ullman, *Relationship to Perpetrator, Disclosure, Social Reactions, and PTSD Symptoms in Child Sexual Abuse Survivors*, 16 J. CHILD SEX. ABUSE 19 (2007); David Finkelhor & Anne Shattuck, *Characteristics of Crimes Against Juveniles*, University of New Hampshire, Crimes Against Children Research Center (2012), available at [http://www.unh.edu/ccrc/pdf/CV26\\_Revised%20Characteristics%20of%20Crimes%20against%20Juveniles\\_5-2-12.pdf](http://www.unh.edu/ccrc/pdf/CV26_Revised%20Characteristics%20of%20Crimes%20against%20Juveniles_5-2-12.pdf).

<sup>3</sup> B. A. van der Kolk, *The Body Keeps the Score: Memory & the Evolving Psychobiology of Posttraumatic Stress*, 1(5) HARVARD REV. OF PSYCHIATRY 253-65 (1994); see also Hoskell, L. & Randall, M., *The Impact of Trauma on Adult Sexual Assault Victims*, JUSTICE CANADA (2019), [https://www.justice.gc.ca/eng/rp-pr/jr/trauma/trauma\\_eng.pdf](https://www.justice.gc.ca/eng/rp-pr/jr/trauma/trauma_eng.pdf).

<sup>4</sup> As explained by the Center for Disease Control, "Adverse Childhood Experiences" ("ACEs"), like CSA, "have a tremendous impact on future violence victimization and perpetration, and lifelong health and opportunity." Vincent J. Felitti et al., *Relationship of Childhood Abuse and Household Dysfunction to Many of the Leading Causes of Death in Adults: The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study*, 14(4) AM. J. PREV. MED. 245 (1998); S.R. Dube et al.,



*Childhood Abuse, Household Dysfunction, and the Risk of Attempted Suicide Throughout the Life Span: Findings from the Adverse Childhood Experiences Study*, 286 JAMA 24, 3089 (Dec. 2001).

<sup>5</sup> Josie Spataro et al., *Impact of Child Sexual Abuse on Mental Health: Prospective Study in Males and Females*, 184 Br. J. Psychiatry 416 (2004).

<sup>6</sup> See Felitti, at 245–58; see also R. Anda, et al., *The Enduring Effects of Abuse and Related Adverse Experiences in Childhood*, 256 EUR. ARCH. PSYCHIATRY CLIN. NEUROSCIENCE 174, 175 (Nov. 2005) (“Numerous studies have established that childhood stressors such as abuse or witnessing domestic violence can lead to a variety of negative health outcomes and behaviors, such as substance abuse, suicide attempts, and depressive disorders”); M. Merricka., et al., *Unpacking the impact of adverse childhood experiences on adult mental health*, 69 CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT 10 (July 2017); see also Sachs-Ericsson, et al., *A Review of Childhood Abuse, Health, and Pain-Related Problems: The Role of Psychiatric Disorders and Current Life Stress*, 10(2) J. TRAUMA & DISSOCIATION 170, 171 (2009) (adult survivors are thirty percent more likely to develop serious medical conditions such as cancer, diabetes, high blood pressure, stroke, and heart disease); T.L. Simpson, et al., *Concomitance between childhood sexual and physical abuse and substance use problems: A review*, 22 CLINICAL PSYCHOL. REV. 27 (2002) (adult survivors of CSA are nearly three times as likely to report substance abuse problems than their non-survivor peers).

<sup>7</sup> Beth E. Molnar et al., *Psychopathology, Childhood Sexual Abuse and other Childhood Adversities: Relative Links to Subsequent Suicidal Behaviour in the US*, 31 PSYCHOL. MED. 965 (2001).

<sup>8</sup> Shanta R. Dube et al., *Long-Term Consequences of Childhood Sexual Abuse by Gender of Victim*, 28 AM. J. PREV. MED. 430, 434 (2005).

<sup>9</sup> Delphine Collin-Vézina et al., *A Preliminary Mapping of Individual, Relational, and Social Factors that Impede Disclosure of Childhood Sexual Abuse*, 43 CHILD ABUSE NEGL. 123 (2015).

<sup>10</sup> Ramona Alaggia et al., *Facilitators and Barriers to Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) Disclosures: A Research Update (2000-2016)*, 20 TRAUMA VIOLENCE ABUSE 260, 279 (2019).

<sup>11</sup> Often, this happens in the context of therapy; sometimes it is triggered many years after the abuse by an event the victim associates with the abuse; other times it happens gradually or over time as a victim recovers their memory. Hoskell, at 24.

<sup>12</sup> For an analysis of the SOL reform movement since 2002, see CHILD USA, *History of US SOL Reform: 2002-2020*, CHILDUSA.ORG (last visited Aug. 30, 2021), available at [www.childusa.org/sol-report-2020](http://www.childusa.org/sol-report-2020).

<sup>13</sup> Michelle Elliott et al., *Child Sexual Abuse Prevention: What Offenders Tell Us*, 19 CHILD ABUSE NEGL. 579 (1995).

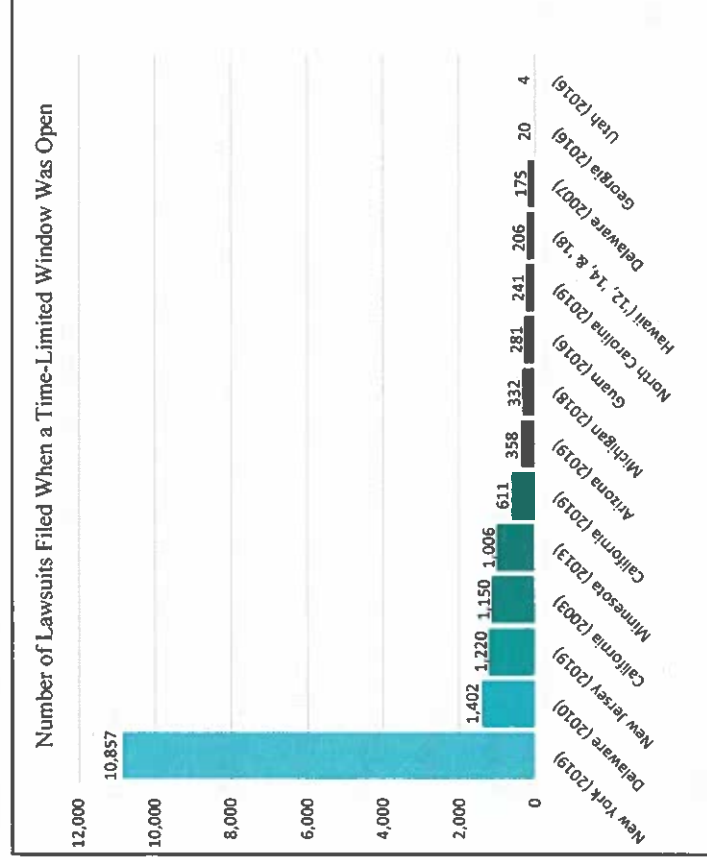
<sup>14</sup> Elizabeth J. Letourneau et al., *The Economic Burden of Child Sexual Abuse in the United States*, 79 CHILD ABUSE NEGL. 413 (2018).

<sup>15</sup> E.g., Netflix’s *Jeffrey Epstein: Filthy Rich*; HBO’s *At the Heart of Gold: Inside the USA Gymnastics Scandal*.

<sup>16</sup> See CHILD USA 2023 TRACKER, available at <https://childusa.org/2023sol/#2020c>.



## The Relative Success of State Windows for Child Sexual Abuse Claims



State	Year	Population	Number of lawsuits filed	Percent of population that filed lawsuits under revival window
Arizona	2020	7,151,502	358	0.01%
California	2003	35,484,453	1,150	0.003%
Delaware	2011	907,381	1,402	0.15%
Delaware	2008	876,794	175	0.02%
Georgia	2016	10,300,000	20	0.0002%
Hawaii	2018	1,421,000	206	0.01%
Michigan	2018	9,984,000	332	0.003%
Minnesota	2016	5,523,000	1,006	0.02%
New Jersey	2021	9,267,130	1,220	0.01%
New York	2021	19,800,000	10,857	0.05%
N. Carolina	2021	10,550,000	241	0.002%
Utah	2019	3,206,000	4	0.0001%

Summary: States opening revival windows for time-barred claims against all types of defendants have seen a modest and manageable number of lawsuits and brought long overdue justice to survivors. Revival windows have exposed hidden predators and the institutions that enabled them, making their states safer for future children.

State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<b>Arizona</b> Closed Dates: 5/27/19- 12/30/20	All types of defendants	At least 358	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mauro Hamza, Fencing coach</li> <li>• Father Clement A. Hageman</li> <li>• James Allen Robertson</li> <li>• Scout leaders</li> <li>• Scouts</li> <li>• Sting, Musician</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arizona Republic</li> <li>• Catalina Council</li> <li>• Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints</li> <li>• Crossroads of the West Council of Boy Scouts of America</li> <li>• Grand Canyon Council</li> <li>• Las Vegas Area Council</li> <li>• Los Angeles Diocese</li> <li>• Mesa Public Schools</li> <li>• Roman Catholic Church of The Diocese of Phoenix</li> <li>• Tucson Diocese</li> </ul>
<b>Arkansas</b> (2 separate windows) Opening Soon Dates: 2/1/24-1/31/26 Currently Open Dates: 2/1/22- 1/31/24	All types of defendants	At least 1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Baptist Health</li> </ul>
<b>California</b> Closed Dates: 1/1/20- 12/31/22	All types of defendants	At least 611	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• John Bernard Black Sr.</li> <li>• Fernando Ortega</li> <li>• Former Clement Middle School teacher</li> <li>• Lowell Nelson, Teacher</li> <li>• Rev. Stephene Kiesle</li> <li>• Medical providers at Napa State Hospital</li> <li>• Chioke "Chee" Robinson, Track coach</li> <li>• Ronnie Lee Roman</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Central California Conference of Seventh-day Adventists</li> <li>• City of Santa Monica</li> <li>• General Conference Corporation of Seventh-day Adventists</li> <li>• Los Angeles Unified School District</li> <li>• Los Gatos-Saratoga Union High School District</li> <li>• Monterey Bay Academy</li> <li>• Redlands Unified School District</li> <li>• Roman Catholic Church</li> </ul>

State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<p><b>California</b> Closed Dates: 1/1/03- 12/31/03</p>	<p>Private organizations only</p>	<p>1,150</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Teacher's aide</li> <li>Eric Ullmer</li> <li>Boy Scout leaders</li> <li>Father Jose Antonio Pinal</li> <li>Priests</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Santa Maria Joint Union High School District</li> <li>Shasta Union High School District</li> <li>The Bishop's School in La Jolla</li> <li>Archdiocese of San Francisco</li> <li>Bishop of San Francisco</li> <li>Boy Scouts</li> <li>Church of Scientology</li> <li>Corpus Christi Catholic Parish of San Francisco</li> <li>De La Salle Institute</li> <li>Diocese of Oakland</li> <li>Jehovah's Witnesses</li> <li>The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints</li> <li>Monterey Bay Academy</li> <li>Our Lady of The Rosary in Palo Alto</li> <li>Roman Catholic Archbishop of San Francisco</li> <li>St. Dominic's Church in San Francisco</li> <li>The Explorers (Los Angeles Police Department)</li> <li>The Salvation Army</li> <li>The Seventh-Day Adventist Church</li> </ul>
<p><b>Colorado</b> Currently Open Dates: 1/1/22- 12/31/24</p>	<p>Perpetrators, private organizations, and government</p>	<p>At least 3</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>William Fearing, former racquetball program director for Highlands Ranch Community Association</li> <li>Former Coach at Rangeview High School</li> <li>Father James Moreno</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Archdiocese of Denver</li> <li>Aurora Public Schools</li> <li>Former Coach at Rangeview High School</li> </ul>



State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<b>Delaware</b> Closed Dates: 7/13/10- 7/12/12	Healthcare providers	1,402	Claims solely against Pediatrician Dr. Earl V. Bradley	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beebe Medical Center</li> <li>• Dr. Earl V. Bradley</li> <li>• Med. Soc. of Insurers Services</li> <li>• Medical Society of Delaware</li> </ul>
<b>Delaware</b> Closed Dates: 7/10/07- 7/9/09	All types of defendants, except for healthcare providers due to a drafting error	175	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rev. Francis G. DeLuca</li> <li>• Rev. Louis S. Fiorelli</li> <li>• Rev. Robert D. Kennedy</li> <li>• Rev. Joseph G. Morrissey</li> <li>• Rev. James W. O'Neill</li> <li>• Rev. Michael Saltarelli</li> <li>• Edward Smith</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Archmere Academy, Inc.</li> <li>• Archmere and The Nobertine Fathers, Inc.</li> <li>• Boy Scouts</li> <li>• The Brothers of the Holy Cross</li> <li>• The Capuchin Friars</li> <li>• Catholic Diocese of Wilmington</li> <li>• Fairwinds Baptist Church</li> <li>• Family members</li> <li>• Laurel School District</li> <li>• The Norbertine Fathers of Delaware</li> <li>• The Premonstratensian Fathers, Inc.</li> <li>• Salesianum School</li> <li>• St. Ann's Catholic Church</li> <li>• St. Edmund's Academy</li> <li>• St. Elizabeth's Roman Catholic Church</li> <li>• St. John the Beloved Church</li> <li>• Oblates of St. Francis de Sales</li> </ul>
<b>Georgia</b> Closed Dates: 7/1/15- 6/30/17	Individual perpetrators only	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• James S. Collins, current leading lobbyist and former Baptist Church and YMCA youth coordinator</li> <li>• Craig Peeples, Taekwondo instructor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Amateur Athletic Union</li> <li>• Archdiocese of Atlanta</li> <li>• Boy Scouts</li> <li>• First Baptist Church of Vidalia</li> <li>• The Darlington School in Rome</li> <li>• Pak Karate</li> <li>• Toombs County Church</li> </ul>

State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<b>Guam</b> Always Open Dates: 9/23/16 - never closes	All types of defendants	281	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Archbishop Anthony S. Apuron</li> <li>Hazel Basilio, History teacher</li> <li>Fr. Louis Brouillard</li> <li>Fr. Juan Camacho</li> <li>Fr. Raymond Cepeda</li> <li>Fr. Rev. Antonio C. Cruz</li> <li>Fr. Sigmund Hafemann</li> <li>Fr. George Maddock</li> <li>Edward Pereira</li> <li>Rev. Louis William Rink</li> <li>Gregory Seubert</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>US Taekwondo Association</li> <li>Boy Scouts</li> <li>Capuchin Order</li> <li>Catholic Archdiocese of Agana</li> <li>Chalan Pago Parish</li> <li>Mount Carmel Parish in Agat</li> <li>Roman Catholic Church</li> </ul>
<b>Guam</b> Closed Dates: 3/9/11 - 3/8/13	Individual perpetrators only	0		
<b>Hawaii</b> (three separate windows) Closed Dates: 4/24/18- 4/23/20 Closed Dates: 4/24/14- 4/23/16 Closed Dates: 4/24/12- 4/23/14	2018-2020 window: all types of defendants 2014-2016 window: all types of defendants, window was expanded to include claims against the government 2012-2014 window: perpetrators, other individuals, and private organizations	206	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dr. Robert McCormick Browne</li> <li>Fr. Gerald Funcheon</li> <li>Jay Ram</li> <li>Bryan Singer</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Catholic Charities of Hawaii</li> <li>Congregation of Christian Brothers of Hawaii</li> <li>Kamehameha Schools</li> <li>Lahaina Baptist Church</li> <li>Maui Land and Pineapple Co.</li> <li>Roman Catholic Church of Hawaii</li> <li>The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints</li> </ul>
<b>Kentucky</b> Closed	All types of defendants	TBD	TBD	TBD

State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
Dates: Open 5 years after SOL expired				
<b>Louisiana</b> Currently Open Dates: 8/1/21 - 7/31/24	All types of defendants	At least 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rev. John Anthony Weber</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Roman Catholic Diocese of Baton Rouge</li> </ul>
<b>Maine</b> Always Open Dates: 10/28/21 - never closes	All types of defendants	TBD	TBD	TBD
<b>Maryland</b> Opening Soon Dates: Opens 10/1/23 - never closes	All types of defendants	TBD	TBD	TBD
<b>Michigan</b> Closed Dates: 6/12/18 - 9/10/18	All types of defendants, if perpetrator is a physician and convicted	332	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• John Geddert</li> <li>• Larry Nassar</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michigan State University</li> <li>• Twisters</li> <li>• USA Gymnastics</li> </ul>
<b>Minnesota</b> Closed Dates: 5/26/13 - 5/5/16	Perpetrators, other individuals, and private organizations	1,006	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• John Clark Donahue</li> <li>• Father Gerald "Jerry" Funcheon</li> <li>• Douglas Wayne King</li> <li>• Jason McLean</li> <li>• Jay Ram</li> <li>• Lynn Seibel</li> <li>• Fr. James Thoennes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Archdiocese of St. Paul-Minneapolis</li> <li>• Boy Scouts of America</li> <li>• Children's Theatre Company</li> <li>• Dioceses of Crookston</li> <li>• Eagle Brook Church of White Bear Lake</li> <li>• Fruits of the Minnesota Window</li> </ul>

State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<b>Montana</b> Closed Dates: 5/7/19- 5/6/20	Perpetrators and entities	TBD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Jacob Wetterling</li> <li>Robert White</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mesabi Academy</li> <li>New Ulm, St. Cloud, and Winona, Duluth Lutheran Church</li> <li>Pacific Southwest Region of United Synagogue Youth</li> <li>Shattuck-St. Mary's School</li> <li>Spring Lake Park Baptist Church</li> <li>St. John's Abbey, the Crosiers and the Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate</li> <li>Winona-Rochester Diocese</li> <li>YMCA</li> </ul>
<b>Nevada</b> Always Open Dates: 6/2/21 - never closes	Perpetrators or persons criminally liable for sexual abuse or exploitation of a minor (including trafficking, prostitution, and pornography) and promoters, possessors, or viewers of CSAM (child sexual abuse material)	TBD	TBD	TBD
<b>New Jersey</b> Closed Dates: 12/1/19- 11/30/21	All types of defendants	1,220	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rev. Timothy Brennan</li> <li>Rev. Justin Capato</li> <li>Rev. John Capparelli</li> <li>Nicholas DiMarzio</li> <li>David Ernst</li> <li>Rev. Donal Fox</li> <li>Former Cardinal Theodore McCarrick</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Archdiocese of Newark</li> <li>Atlantic City Board of Education</li> <li>Atlantic City Mayor Marty Small and his wife La'Quetta Small</li> <li>Boy Scouts of America</li> <li>Barry Caldwell, Atlantic City School District Superintendent</li> <li>Cleric and/or religious institutions</li> </ul>





State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
<b>New York</b> Closed Dates: 8/14/19- 8/13/21	All types of defendants	10,857	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Daniel Meehan</li> <li>• John Morel</li> <li>• Caesar Orrico</li> <li>• Rev. Malachy Robert Flavin</li> <li>• Rev. Luke Travers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Day camp</li> <li>• Holy Rosary</li> <li>• Holy Trinity Church in Westfield</li> <li>• New Jersey Department of Children and Families</li> <li>• Order of St. Benedict of New Jersey</li> <li>• Private schools</li> <li>• Schools</li> </ul>
<b>North Carolina</b> Closed Dates: 1/1/20- 12/31/21	All types of defendants	241	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bob Dylan</li> <li>• Rabbi Joel Falk</li> <li>• Andy Gabel, Four-time Olympian</li> <li>• Rabbi Joel Kolko</li> <li>• Jean Pamphile</li> <li>• Prince Andrew, Duke of York</li> <li>• Anthony Sagona, Coach</li> <li>• Horatio Sanz</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allen-Stevenson School for Boys</li> <li>• Big Brothers and Big Sisters</li> <li>• Boy Scouts of America</li> <li>• Buffalo Public Schools</li> <li>• Erie County Department of Social Services and Child and Family Services</li> <li>• NBC</li> <li>• Rockefeller University Hospital</li> <li>• Roman Catholic Church</li> <li>• The Center for Youth Services, Inc.</li> <li>• U. of Rochester Medical Center</li> <li>• USA Hockey</li> <li>• USA Volleyball</li> <li>• USOPC</li> </ul>
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fr. Richard Farwell</li> <li>• Fr. Joseph Kelleher</li> <li>• Michael Earl Kelly</li> <li>• Gary "Scott" Goins</li> <li>• Pamela Kaye Herrington</li> <li>• Leslie Anne Rodgers (Leslie Wise)</li> <li>• Richard Woodhouse</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Asheville School</li> <li>• Ben Lippen School</li> <li>• Boy Scouts</li> <li>• Catholic Diocese of Charlotte</li> <li>• Gaston County Board of Education</li> <li>• New Hanover County Schools</li> <li>• Piney Grove Fire Department</li> <li>• UNC School of the Arts</li> </ul>



State and Revival Window Timeframe	Entities that can be sued	No. lawsuits filed	Alleged Perpetrators Identified	Entities Identified
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Western North Carolina Conference of the United Methodist Church</li> </ul>
<b>Northern Mariana Islands</b>				
Always Open	All types of defendants	TBD	TBD	TBD
Dates: 11/10/21- never closes				
<b>Utah</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Boy Scouts of America</li> <li>Catholic Church</li> <li>The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints</li> </ul>
Closed	Perpetrators or persons criminally liable	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lyle Scott Mackay</li> <li>Jesus Hurtado</li> <li>Judge Roberts</li> </ul>	
Dates: 5/10/16- 5/9/19				
<b>Vermont</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Burlington Diocese</li> </ul>
Always Open	All types of defendants	TBD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fr. Leo Courcy Jr.</li> </ul>	
Dates: 5/28/19 - never closes				
<b>Washington D.C.</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Kipp DC Supporting Corporation</li> </ul>
Closed	All types of defendants	At least 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alan Coleman</li> </ul>	
Dates: 5/3/19- 5/2/21				

