

## **Economic and Revenue Update**

#### U.S. Economy

- \*\* Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) increased at an annual rate of 3.7% in the second quarter of 2014 following a 0.6% increase in the first quarter. Final sales (or GDP less inventories) accelerated from a 0.2% decrease in the first quarter to a 3.5% increase in the second quarter, fueled by broad-based gains in personal consumption, business investment, exports of goods, and residential construction, while increases in imports reduced economic activity.
- \*\* The August nonfarm employment report showed seasonally adjusted job gains of 173,000 following an upwardly revised increase of 245,000 in July. More than 80% of the August employment gains are increases in private sector payrolls. The number of long-term unemployed (those jobless for 27 weeks or more) dipped below 2.2 million and represents about 27.7% of the unemployed.
- \*\* Light motor vehicle sales totaled 1.58 million in August 2015, which translates to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 17.7 million units. Relative to August 2014, passenger car sales dropped by 10.3% while light truck sales grew by 8.3%, increasing the overall share of light trucks to 57.3% of total light vehicle sales.
- \*\* The University of Michigan consumer sentiment index dipped 1.2 points to 91.9 in August as expectations of future economic conditions declined, reflecting less optimistic consumer outlooks.

### **Michigan Economy**

\*\* Michigan's seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment increased by 8,600 in July following a decline of 5,300 in June. Relative to July 2014, nonfarm employment was up 2.3%, or 95,800 jobs. The gains were concentrated in the construction, manufacturing, and business services sectors while job losses occurred in the information and government sectors. As a result, the unemployment rate in Michigan decreased from 5.5% in June to 5.3% in July, the same as July's U.S. unemployment rate.

#### **State Revenue**

- \*\* Fiscal year-to-date revenue for Michigan's major taxes through August collections was \$17.0 billion, about 3.5% higher than one year ago. Fiscal year-to-date net income tax revenue was up 9.5% as quarterly and annual payments remain robust, more than offsetting the 30.5% reduction in major business taxes (which is largely attributable to ongoing certificated credits awarded under the MBT). Sales tax revenue continues to lag behind FY 2013-14 collections, due in part to the decline in motor fuel prices.
- \*\* Based on House Fiscal Agency targets, General Fund revenue through August is up about \$45 million, the majority of which can be accounted for by the increase in net income tax revenue. School Aid Fund revenue is down roughly \$95 million due to weaker-than-anticipated sales tax collections and lottery transfers.

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# Revenue Review: FY 2014-15, August

**Millions of Dollars** 

	FY 2014-15 Collections <u>August</u>	FY 2013-14 Collections <u>Year-to-Date</u>	FY 2014-15 Collections Year-to-Date	Change from FY 2013-14 Year-to-Date		May 2015 CREC FY 2014-15 Estimates	
<u>Major Taxes</u>				FY 2013-14 <u>Dollar</u>	% Change	Dollar	% Change
Individual Income Tax							
Withholding	\$707.0	\$6,908.4	\$7,305.5	\$397.1	5.7%	\$8,575.0	3.5%
Quarterly Income Tax	14.3	650.7	772.1	121.4	18.7%	960.4	9.5%
Annual Income Tax	17.7	733.5	872.1	138.6	18.9%	833.2	5.4%
Gross Income Tax	7 <del>39.1</del>	8,292.6	8,949.6	<del>657.1</del>	7.9%	10,368.6	4.2%
Less: Income Tax Refunds	30.8	1,674.6	1,702.3	27.7	1.7%	1,770.1	1.5%
Net Income Tax	708.2	6,617.9	7,247.3	629.4	9.5%	8,598.5	4.8%
Consumption Taxes							
Sales Tax	624.5	6,009.8	5,983.5	(26.4)	(0.4%)	7,503.8	3.0%
Use Tax	134.6	1,125.2	1,157.1	`31.9 <sup>′</sup>	2.8%	1,419.2	3.0%
Beer and Wine Taxes	5.2	42.7	35.9	(6.7)	(15.8%)	45.5	(11.7%)
Liquor Excise Tax	10.3	76.3	82.4	`6.1 <sup>'</sup>	8.0%	93.6	4.6%
Tobacco Taxes	88.3	775.4	777.6	<u>2.2</u>	0.3%	924.4	(1.4%)
Subtotal	863.0	8,029.3	8,036.5	7.2	0.1%	9,986.5	2.5%
Business Taxes							
Single Business Tax	(2.2)	(32.4)	26.0	58.3		(20.0)	
Michigan Business Tax	(38.6)	(529.9)	(847.4)	(317.5)		(751.1)	
Corporate Income Tax	` 2.0 <sup>'</sup>	717.3	`817.5 <sup>°</sup>	100.2	14.0%	1,029.7	17.0%
Insurance Taxes	2.9	229.6	<u>271.1</u>	41.5	18.1%	402.0	16.0%
Subtotal	(3 <del>5.9</del> )	384.7	<del>267.2</del>	$(1\overline{17.5})$	(30.5%)	660.6	0.9%
Other Miscellaneous Taxes							
State Education Tax	142.8	511.5	498.2	(13.3)	(2.6%)	1,850.3	3.5%
Real Estate Transfer Tax	27.3	175.9	212.4	`36.5 <sup>°</sup>	20.8%	256.8	10.0%
Lottery Transfer to SAF	68.0	608.0	666.8	58.8	9.7%	780.0	0.6%
Casino Wagering Tax	8.7	89.9	92.9	3.0	3.3%	111.0	2.8%
Gas and Oil Severance Tax	2.0	<u>53.7</u>	<u> 26.9</u>	<u>(26.9)</u>	<u>(50.0%)</u>	39.0	<u>(41.8%)</u>
Subtotal	248.9	1,439.1	1,497.2	58.1	4.0%	3,037.1	2.2%
TOTAL	\$1,784.3	\$16,471.0	\$17,048.2	\$577.1	3.5%	\$22,282.7	3.3%

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

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